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The Hongkong Telegraph

(ESTABLISHED 1861)

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WEATHER FORECAST
FAIR

Barometer 30.00

December 13, 1916. Temperature 6 a.m. 62 2 p.m. 71
Humidity 78 37

December 13, 1916. Temperature 6 a.m. 65 2 p.m. 69
Humidity 80 72

7537 日九十月一十

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1916.

三拜禮 號三十月二十年亥癸
SINGLE COPY 10 CENTS.
\$36 PER ANNUM.

TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to The "Telegraph.")

GERMANY SEEKS PEACE.

ALL THE ALLIED GOVERNMENTS APPROACHED.

DEFINITE ANNOUNCEMENT IN THE REICHSTAG.

December 11, 9.10 p.m.
Great interest is evinced in Germany on the sudden summoning of the Reichstag to-morrow, when Dr. von Bethmann Hollweg is expected to make an important declaration, the nature of which is not disclosed.

The Enemy's Notes.

December 12, 5.50 p.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Amsterdam says that official telegrams from Vienna and Berlin state that all the enemy Powers have addressed to hostile Governments identical Notes expressing willingness to enter upon peace negotiations.

"Conscious of Responsibility Towards God."

December 12, 6.20 p.m.
A telegram from Berlin says that Dr. von Bethmann Hollweg announced in the Reichstag that Germany and her Allies, conscious of their responsibility before God and before their own nations and humanity, had proposed to-day to hostile Powers to enter upon peace negotiations.

PARLIAMENT ADJOURNS.

Statement of Policy Next Week.

December 12, 6.15 p.m.
The House of Commons was crowded when it met to-day. All the Liberal ex-members of the Cabinet sat in the Front Opposition Bench.
The Unionist rank and file retained their seats on the Opposition side, fronting the Liberals, who intended to cross the floor.
Mr. Bonar Law moved the adjournment until December 14, when Mr. Lloyd George will move a Vote of Credit.
Mr. McKenna suggested that Mr. Lloyd George's statement of policy should be postponed until next week, to enable Mr. Asquith to be present.
This was agreed to.

THE BALKAN STRUGGLE.

Unsuccessful German Attacks.

December 12, 6.40 p.m.
A Russian communique says:—Enemy attacks south-east of the wooded Carpathians and in Moldavia were repulsed. We captured some heights.
The Germans are unsuccessfully attacking north of Cluj and west of Miskin, thirty miles north-east and twenty-five miles east of Ploesti, respectively.

French Carry Bulgarian Outposts.

December 12, 4.45 p.m.
A French communique says:—We carried five small Bulgarian outposts south of the River Hujumnyos and on the right bank of the Vardar.
Snow checked operations in the whole region north of Monastir, where an artillery duel continues most violently.

ON THE WESTERN FRONT.

Enemy Driven Out of Trenches.

December 12, 4.45 p.m.
A French communique says:—A German attack north of Launoy was broken up by our barrage. Enemy detachments which gained a footing in trenches were driven out with grenades. Our line was entirely re-established.

THE BELGIAN DEPORTATIONS.

Germany Denies Infringing International Law.

December 12, 6.55 p.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Amsterdam says that, replying to the United States' protest against the Belgian deportations, the German Government maintain that it has not infringed the rules of international law. The reply refers to the removal of the population from parts of Germany and German Colonies by enemy troops, and alleges that some have been sent to Siberia.

[In the event of telegrams arriving too late for insertion on this page they will be found on an Extra.]

TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to The "Telegraph.")

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

THE NEW GOVERNMENT.

Some Probable Appointments.

December 11, 2.15 p.m.
It is believed that Lt-Colonel Sir Mark Sykes (U. Central Hall) will be Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, and the Rt. Hon. W. Hayes Fisher, (O. Fulliam) Under-Secretary for the Colonies.

Mr. Lloyd George's Pronouncement.

December 11, 2.15 p.m.
Parliament again adjourns to-morrow until Thursday, when Mr. Lloyd George will make his first pronouncement.

Mr. Asquith Laid Up.

December 12, 1.10 a.m.
Mr. Asquith is laid up with influenza.

Prime Minister Better.

December 12, 1.55 p.m.
It is officially stated that the Prime Minister is better. He has been ordered to remain indoors for a couple of days.

IN RUMANIA.

German Propagandists Active.

December 11, 2.15 p.m.
German propagandists are very active in Rumania in seeking to undermine the loyalty of the Army. They are offering grants of land to officers and men prepared to side with the Germans, who proclaim their intention to confiscate the estates of pro-Entente notables. The Germans have been apparently balked of their intended prey of the oilfields, as it is reported that the oil wells have been completely destroyed.

Rumanian Retreat Continues.

December 12, 11.55 a.m.
According to Reuter's correspondent at Petrograd a telegram says that the Austro-Germans are very active in Wallachia, preparing the lines of defence, fortifying favourable positions, and constructing bridges of boats across the Danube between Giurgovo and Turnul-Severin. They are employing the whole population above the age of fourteen years.
The Rumanian retreat continues with a minimum loss.
It is authoritatively stated that the machinery of the oilfields has been destroyed and it will at least be a year before it can be restored.

FRENCH POLITICS.

Small Cabinet Decided Upon.

December 11, 2.15 p.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Paris says that the Government has finally decided upon a small Cabinet, following British lines.

A Stormy Scene.

December 12, 4.25 a.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Paris says that a stormy scene took place in the Chamber during the debate on the war credits.
The Socialist member M. Brizon, one of the three deputies who recently met the German Socialists in Switzerland, vehemently protested against the prolongation of the war, of which the only result was to engulf millions.
Tumult ensued. Brizon persisted, despite the opposition of the whole Chamber, and the incident culminated in Brizon hurling a water bottle at the head of his nearest opponent.
The sitting was suspended amid pandemonium, and Brizon was ejected.

THE SUBMARINE CAMPAIGN.

"Clear-Cut Violation."

December 12, 12.25 a.m.
According to Reuter's correspondent at Washington the State Department announces complete information as to the torpedoing of the Marina and this makes the attack appear a clear cut violation of Germany's pledges.
Full information is awaited regarding the Arabia before the next move.

More Sinkings.

December 12, 6.40 a.m.
The steamer Strathalbyn has been mined and the Norwegian steamers Modum and Falk torpedoed.

THE WESTERN FRONT.

Successful British Raids.

December 12, 12.50 a.m.
General Sir Douglas Haig reports successful raids eastward of Neuville St. Vaast and south-eastward of Arras, destroying machine gun emplacements.
An attempted enemy raid eastward of La Bontillerie failed.
Hostile working parties at Fauquissart and Wietje were dispersed.
There has been reciprocal artillery and trench mortar firing at Loos, Arras, Ypres and north of the Ancre.

A French Coup-de-Main.

December 12, 12.50 a.m.
A Paris communique reports violent artillery activity at Villa-au-Bois, north-west of Rheims and in the Doncourt sector.
A coup-de-main was successfully carried out against enemy trenches at Bon-le-Freux and west of Fontenoy-Mouton.

TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to The "Telegraph.")

GERMANY AND PEACE TERMS.

Reichstag Unexpectedly Convened.

December 12, 12.45 a.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Amsterdam says that a sitting of the Reichstag has been unexpectedly convened for to-morrow, and it will be the most remarkable since the outbreak of the war in historical importance.
Members, including combatants, have been summoned telegraphically by the Chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann Hollweg, from headquarters. He has received the Federal Ministers and invited the neutral ministers to meet him.
The Foreign Secretary received the Party leaders, and Party meetings will be held in the forenoon.
Vienna, Sofia and Constantinople have approved of the Chancellor's statement, the nature of which is at present unknown; but it is assumed that it will relate to peace terms.

An Unprecedented Step.

December 12, 12.45 a.m.
The unprecedented step of calling in the neutral Ministers is evidently an effort on the part of Germany to take advantage of her Rumanian successes to re-open the question of peace.
Colour is lent to this by the fact that the Foreign Secretary before the sitting will convey confidential information to the party leaders, when it is supposed that he will point out the political consequences of the operations in Rumania.

IN THE BALKANS.

A Further French Progress.

December 12, 12.50 a.m.
A French communique reports that the Germans and Bulgarians desperately resisted Allied attacks north of Monastir.
Fighting was very heavy north of Hill 1030, where a height attacked by the Russians changed hands frequently.
The French progressed 800 yards near the village of Vlakar.

LIQUOR REGULATIONS.

December 12, 1.10 a.m.
Drastic regulations regarding liquor are foreshadowed. It is understood that the general policy is towards an entire veto of the consumption of spirits. The Government will take over enormous stocks for munitions purposes.

GERMANY EXCUSES BELGIAN DEPORTATIONS.

December 12, 6.40 a.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Amsterdam says that the German reply to the American Note regarding the deportation of Belgians makes the usual effort to lay the blame on the British blockade bringing factories to a standstill, etc.

FRENCH DEPORTATION SCENE.

December 12, 6.40 a.m.
Reuter's correspondent at Amsterdam says that it is reported that a serious riot occurred at Tournai.
It is reported that a serious riot occurred at Tournai (a French frontier town, 10 miles N.E. of Lille) on the occasion of the deportation of civilians.
A German soldier struck a civilian with his rifle butt, whereupon the crowd attacked the escorting troops.
The cavalry charged, and sixteen towns-people were killed.

RECENT AIR RAID CASUALTIES.

December 12, 1.55 p.m.
The casualties in the air-raid (on English Northern Counties) of Nov. 27, were: One man and three women killed, sixteen men, fourteen women and seven children injured.

MORE OPIUM SMUGGLING

Exemplary Penalties in England.

Liverpool, Nov. 7.—A Chinese seaman was brought up on remand at the Police Court, to-day, on a charge, under the Customs Restrictions Act, 1915, of having brought to a dock quay a quantity of opium which was intended for exportation from the United Kingdom.

A solicitor for the prosecution stated that on October 30th a private detective in the employ of Messrs. Alfred Holt and Co. went aboard one of their ships which was leaving for China. He searched the vessel and found concealed under two feet of coal in the starboard bunker a bag containing 9 lbs. of opium. Prisoner subsequently admitted being the owner, and said he had paid 350 pounds for it. Owing to the shortage of opium in this country the Customs authorities took a serious view of the matter. Had prisoner successfully exported the opium he would have made a lot of money out of it.

A fine of £50 was imposed, the alternative being one month's imprisonment.

A Spanish fireman was charged with a similar offence.

Prisoner.—I bought the opium, but I had no intention of exporting it.
A Customs officer said that on Saturday morning, October 28th, he boarded the steamer St. Louis, which was then just about to sail for New York. Orders were given to the crew that each man must stand by his berth with his bag open. Witness examined prisoner, who was standing by his berth, and found concealed under a false bottom in his valise 25 tins containing liquid opium.

The Solicitor.—Opium in liquid form costs more and can be sold outside the country for a far greater price.

An interpreter stated that prisoner told him that he bought the opium for 100 dollars in London, and hoped to get 500 dollars for it in America.

A fine of £50 was imposed, the alternative being one month's imprisonment.

TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to The "Telegraph.")

OBITUARY.

General Sir G. Luck.

London, Received December 13.
The death is announced of General Sir George Luck, G.C.B. [Deceased had a long military career, in the course of which he held the post of Inspector-General of Cavalry in India, 1887-93; commanding Quetta District, 1893; Inspector-General of Cavalry in Great Britain and Ireland, 1895-98; commanding Bengal Army, 1898-1902; commanding 15th Hussars in Afghanistan and Boer wars. He was raised to the rank of general in 1905; and was H.M.'s Lieutenant, the Tower of London, 1905-7.]

[In the event of telegrams arriving too late for insertion on this page they will be found on an Extra.]

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

OBITUARY.

London, Received December 13.
The death is announced of the Rt. Hon. Sir Roland Vaughan Williams, late Lord Justice of the Court of Appeal, aged seventy-eight years; also of Mr. George Gilbert White, C.S.I., formerly Chief Engineer and Secretary to the Local Government of Barmas, aged fifty-nine.

A Penang Land Question.

The following is an extract from the minutes of the Penang Chamber of Commerce.—The Chairman lays on the table paper on this subject including an excerpt from a report of the proceedings of the Federal Council at a meeting held on the 16th Nov. 1916, from which it appeared that the large Company in question did not wish to have vacant land alienated to it and had no desire to lead to over-population; they wanted to purchase land already alienated and desired to find out whether the planters wished them to come here or not. After discussion it was resolved that a letter be addressed to Government, stating that this Committee respectfully begs to represent to Government that it is highly desirable in the best interests of the Colony and of the Malay Peninsula that a decision as to the proposed acquisition by persons, other than British subjects of land cultivated or uncultivated during the term of the war should be arrived at by the Government with the least possible delay.

DON'T FORGET.

TO-DAY.

Victoria Theatre—9.15 p.m.
Bijou Theatre—9.15 p.m.
New Hongkong Cinematograph—9.15 p.m.

TO-MORROW.

Hongkong University.—Commencement of degrees; 5.30 p.m.
Victoria Theatre—9.15 p.m.
Bijou Theatre—9.15 p.m.
New Hongkong Cinematograph—9.15 p.m.

Friday, December 15.

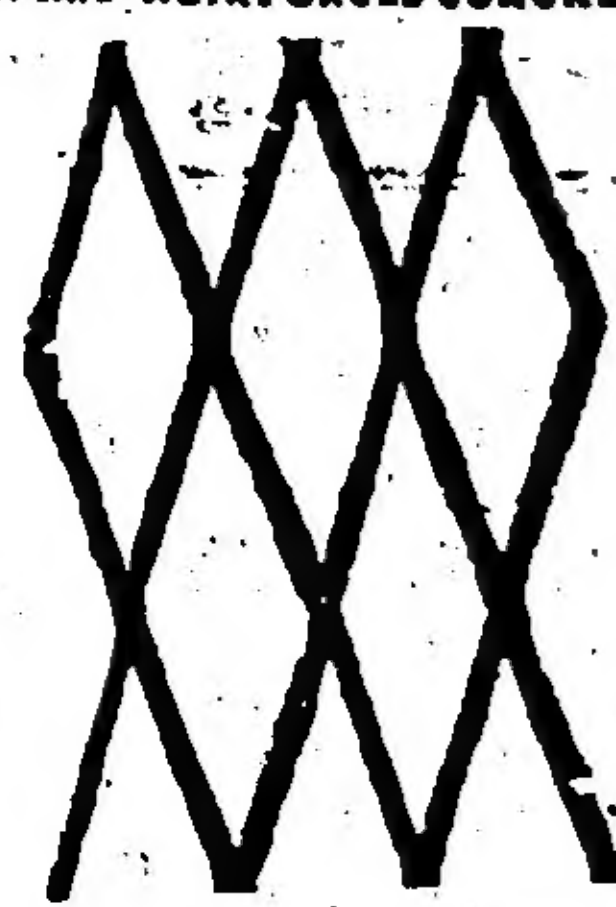
Green Island Cement Co.—Extraordinary General Meeting; noon.
Theatre Royal.—Opening performance of "Kismet" by A.D.C.
Tuesday, December 26.
Hongkong Winter "Bazaar."

NOTICES.

EXPANDED METAL

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THEN why be half-suffocated, and sit up all night coughing and gasping for breath when a SINGLE dose of

NOBBS' ASTHMA CURE

will give you certain, prompt relief and ensure a good night's rest? This, the only genuine cure for Asthma, discovered by Mr. NOBBS, a qualified Chemist, and a sufferer for many years, will if taken when necessary, effect a radical cure of this entirely incurable malady.

Obtainable at Messrs. A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd. and all Chemist and Patent Medicine Vendors.

Price, \$2.50 per bottle.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

PORTLAND CEMENT.

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO. General Managers. Hongkong, 16th August, 1916.

LESSONS IN CHINESE.

M. L. Ho, F.A.S., a Chinese graduate versed in literature, has been a teacher to European officials and merchants in the Colony for ten years. He has a good method of teaching Europeans to read Chinese characters, and is possessed of a first-rate certificate as a Chinese teacher. He has also a good knowledge of Mandarin and Cantonese.

Those who intend learning the Chinese language are requested to write, care of "Hongkong Telegraph," office or direct to No. 18, Wellington Street, second floor.

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QUALITY CANNOT BE SURPASSED.

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THE HONGKONG HOTEL AND GRILL ROOM.

J. H. TAGGART, Manager.

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A first-class up-to-date Hotel, most central location, within the vicinity of all the principal Banks. Noted for its best Food, Bar, and excellent accommodation and facilities. Cuisine under European supervision. A first-class string orchestra renders selection from 3 p.m. to 11.30 p.m. Special monthly terms for residents and for shipping people. For further particulars apply to W. GALLAGHER, Manager. Telephone No. 197. Telegraphic Address "COMFORT."

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First class and most up-to-date Residential and Tourist Hotel. Two minutes from the Ferry. Moderate tariff and most excellent cuisine under entirely European management. Monthly and Family rates can be arranged on most reasonable terms. Apply to THE MANAGERESS, Kowloon. Telegraphic Address: "TERMOTEL" Code Used: A.B.C. 5th Edn.

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Our Bread is made from the Best Quality Flour only and can be obtained and orders taken at WEE'S BAKERY, 11, Faking Road, ON LEE's Confectionery, Hinglong Road, HUNG CHOW's Confectionery, Hinglong Road, KWONG FOK's Confectionery, Hinglong Road, KWONG YUEN MOW's Confectionery, Hinglong Road. Orders may be left with the above for any of our products. We put up absolutely the Best Tiffin and Dinner—new menu for each meal. Price one dollar each or 30 meals for \$30.00 good for any meal, or a la carte up to 75 cents. We guarantee everything put up and sold by the Alexandra Cafe to be of First Class Quality. Try our own make, the Sandwiches and Pork Pies. Pure Java Coffee Roasted and Ground daily and put up in 1 lb. Tins at 60 cents. We give you a Splendid Cup of Lipson's Tea. Minerals and soft drinks of every description. Just give us a trial and you will be more than satisfied.

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Strong, solid and compact. Iron and Nickel Electrodes with caustic potash in strong iron box. Minimum use of material. May be charged a thousand times without lowering its efficiency; may be charged and discharged in minimum time and to its full extent without injury. May be kept unloaded for any length of time and is absolutely safe from self-discharging when left even a longer time loaded and out of use. Salt water has no injurious effect on the accumulator. An ideal accumulator for any kind of lighting or ignition device.

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AT LAST.

The many firms which manufacture Nerve Strengthening Food are at last to be wound up under the Trading with the Enemy Act. Now if you want a nerve strengthening food you must buy it from an English firm.

WE SELL SANAPHOS.

AN ENTIRELY BRITISH PRODUCT prescribed by the highest medical authorities. An ideal summer tonic for reconstructing the worn nerve tissue. We can recommend it. Price \$2.50 per bottle.

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THE VERY LATEST LONDON SUCCESSES.

"THE BING BOYS ARE HERE."

IF YOU WERE THE ONLY GIRL, ANOTHER LITTLE DRINK. - - - RAGGING THE DOG. - - - ALL DRESSED UP AND NO PLACE TO GO. - - - (Mr. Manhattan). A BROKEN DOLL. (The Craze). BY HECK Fox Trot. SOMEWHERE A VOICE IS CALLING. LITTLE GREY HOME IN THE WEST. ABSENT ROOSTERS YAWN, Fox Trot. ETC., ETC.

ROBINSONS'

GENERAL NEWS.

The Tientsin Concession Question. Peking, Dec. 3.—M. Martel, First Secretary in Charge of the French Legation in Peking, and Dr. Wu Ting-fang, Chinese Minister of Foreign Affairs, will meet tomorrow to resume the discussion of the French Concession-extension at Tientsin, which has been suspended since the Chinese failed to complete the agreement arranged by Sir John Jordan.

Suez Canal Dues. As already mentioned, Suez Canal dues are to be raised from January 1. The increase will be from Frs. 7.25 to Frs. 7.75 per metric ton for ships with cargo and from Frs. 4.75 to Frs. 5.25 for ships in ballast. This increase has been rendered necessary by the continued decrease in transit receipts, which up to September 21 this year amounted to only Frs. 36,500,000, as against Frs. 60,330,000 and Frs. 66,600,000 in the corresponding periods of 1915 and 1914 respectively.

"H.W.M.'s" Queer Accusation. Mr. H. Massingham, editor of the Nation, states (Nov 6th) that the editors of the London and provincial newspapers were invited to a series of private conferences, at which Ministers addressed them under the seal of secrecy upon facts concerning the various War Departments. "Mr. Massingham says that these secret conferences tend to turn the Press into a kind of secret society in league with the Government, and that the Executive has ample power for influencing the judgment of the nation apart from this subtle extension."

The Baskongo People. The Baskongo people of equatorial Africa, according to Mr. John E. Weeks in his book about them, have many sensational proverbs. A boastful, conceited man, for instance, is reminded by them that cocks that crow have only come from eggs; the impossibility of doing two things at once is expressed by saying, "A dog has four legs yet it cannot walk in two roads; the foot that we bear others' burdens lightly is hit off by the phrase, 'A load of salt on another man's head is easily carried; while the wisdom of discretion is thus expressed:—If you receive a message, deliver it; but if you are only told of an affair, leave it where you heard it. From Peking.

The spoils of war rarely afford the world's markets a greater curiosity than is brought to light by an item in a recent auction sale in New York City—the covering of the ceiling of the Imperial Palace at Peking, a magnificent piece of heavy corded yellow silk 21x19 feet, embroidered with Imperial dragons. The story that goes with this lot is that the furnishings of the Imperial Council Chamber were regarded as profaned by the presence of the foreign envoys who settled the Boxer troubles at Peking in 1902. The furnishings were therefore courteously divided among those who had unwittingly destroyed their value to the Chinese officials. This glorious canopy found its way to America, where it may now grace some millionaire's saloon. —New York Outlook.

German Inventiveness. "Let us get rid of the superstition that the Germans exceed in inventiveness," says Colonel Gallieny, the Swiss military critic. It should not be difficult. The difficulty would be to discover what really great thing the Germans have done for the enlightenment of the world and the progress of civilization. A German professor, Beckmann, wrote a "History of Invention," but his own country makes poor show in its pages, and, coming beyond the period is covered, the Tonic record is a sorry one. To take some of the great familiar things Germans did not invent, there is the steam engine and steamboat, the telegraph, the telephone, wireless telegraphy, the aeroplane, even the balloon of which the Zeppelin is a modern version. An English Bishop devised the first wireless language, and a German professor stole the idea. —Daily Chronicle.

For a good solid meal, or a table d'hôte, or a light refreshment, apply to ALFRED MOORE.

NOTICES

W. C. HUMPHREYS & CO

WINES and SPIRITS.

ASSORTED CASES FOR XMAS.

Case No. 1-222.

- 3 Bot. St. Estephe Claret.
- 2 Bot. Sherry, Light Dry.
- 2 Bot. Port, Superior Light Invalid.
- 2 Bot. Gin.
- 1 Bot. Superior Old Liqueur Cognac.
- 1 Bot. Very Old Liqueur Scotch Whisky "E" Quality.
- 1 Bot. Dewar's Scotch Whisky.

Case No. 2-228.

- 1 Bot. St. Marceaux Champagne.
- 1 Bot. Burgundy "Beauve."
- 3 Bot. Claret, St. Estephe.
- 1 Bot. Sherry, Superior Pale Dry "D" Quality.
- 1 Bot. Port, Superior Light Invalid.
- 1 Bot. Superior Old Liqueur Cognac.
- 1 Bot. Very Old Liqueur Scotch Whisky.
- 1 Bot. Gin.
- 1 Bot. Creme de Menthe.

Case No. 3-232.

- 1 Bot. St. Marceaux Champagne.
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The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1916.

IS HONGKONG DOING ITS PART?

The fact that the new Government at Home intends utilizing the resources of the nation to the fullest possible extent in its aim to hasten final victory over our enemies should have more than a passing interest for Britons in all parts of the Empire. The effects of the war are being felt now to a far greater extent than ever before, and our kith and kin in the Homeland are being called upon to make sacrifices of which we, in snug and cosy Hongkong, can have very little real conception. Moreover, the tendencies are all in the direction of making further calls on the people, both in regard to men and money, while it is becoming evident that the State intends stepping in and enforcing economy where it would not otherwise be practised. Here in Hongkong, however, life runs along on fairly normal lines, and there is a distinct danger that we may come, in course of time, to view the war from a rather disinterested and detached point of view, as though it were really no very great concern of ours. That may seem a rather harsh comment, but it comes quite unobtrusively near the facts where a considerable bulk of Hongkong people is concerned.

The new Prime Minister to credit with the intention of regulating the work of the whole manhood of the country, and of having in mind a scheme for the control of investments and savings, the effect of which will be to place the realised wealth of the nation at the disposal of the Government. It is also reported that the War Profits Tax may be extended. If this is anything like a correct reflection of the policy which the new Government will follow, then it is evident that the most is going to be made of Britain's resources for the purpose of winning the war. But what of Hongkong and other of the small though rich Colonies of the Empire? Where do we come in, and what is our real duty at this critical time in the Empire's history? Are we to be content to rub along as we are at present doing, making no further sacrifices, knowing full well what the Old Country is doing—merely waiting to be able to have a sigh of relief when it is all over? Or can we, and ought we, to face the situation squarely, and willingly assume some part of the heavy burden? So far as man-power is concerned, it may well be that conscription cannot usefully be applied to the Crown Colonies, though we are by no means satisfied as yet that Hongkong has done all that it can do in this direction. While general conscription may not be desirable, there is still scope for "combing out," we think. But, leaving this question of man-power, can it be said that the Colony is doing its full share in other directions? If we cannot afford, for Imperial reasons, to conscript our young manhood, what have we to say to the principle of the conscription of wealth? In this sphere, at any rate, the situation is not quite the same. There is wealth in Hongkong, and a very considerable degree of it, too. But what is the wealth of Hongkong contributing to the war in the way of actual sacrifices? We do not overlook the generous manner in which local firms have subscribed to war funds, neither do we ignore the large participation in war loans, though the point that these latter represent a very paying investment must not be lost sight of. But what burdens, in any general sense, are Hongkong financial and business interests bearing in this war?

There are firms which, so far as their actual operations are concerned, are purely local, or, at any rate, Far Eastern businesses, but which, through the accidents of registration, are paying the Excess Profits Tax. But that is not the case with the majority of Hongkong concerns. Those registered locally are freed from this impost, but, all the same, they are, many of them, making large profits because of war conditions. If the principle be admitted that firms at Home who are profiting in consequence of the present abnormal conditions should hand over to the State a proportion of those profits, then there is every reason why the procedure should be applied to all parts of the Empire. At present fish is made of one and flesh of another. That is an anomaly which should be swept away; all these distinctions should be blotted out. Until that day arrives, it cannot honestly be said that Hongkong is doing its full share towards winning the war. And it would be the patriotic thing for Hongkong itself to suggest to the Imperial Government that it is anxious to do its part in this regard. We are enjoying all the privileges of Empire. Let us be willing to assume the obligations as well.

That Special Reichstag Meeting.

Reuter's assumption that the meeting of the Reichstag, so feverishly convened for to-day, was to bear some relation to further peace proposals was not very far out. The enemy's star remains in the ascendant in Rumania and, according to German political notions, the moment is too good an one to be lost. We have heard so much of these peace feelers during the past couple of years that most of us have come to take little heed of them. In this particular instance, however, in addition to the Rumanian position giving Germany an opportunity to fish for a peace advantageous to herself, we have to bear in mind her dismay at the new turn which Entente political plans have taken during the past week or two. Britain, France and Russia have been setting their houses in order in such a manner as can only be taken to mean an uncompromising prosecution of hostilities. Britain in particular has just placed her affairs in the hands of a man whom Germany frankly dreads, because she knows that he means to show her no mercy. It is hardly to be wondered at, then, that the present "feelers" should mean a little more than their predecessors. Heaven be thanked, therefore, that we have in Mr. Lloyd George a Minister who will exact his pound of flesh and who will listen to no humbugging peace proposals that do not embody the unconditional surrender of those that forced this war upon us.

Mild Rebukes.

We wonder how long neutral nations generally, and the United States in particular, intend contenting themselves with mildly rebuking Germany for her flagrant disregard of the most elementary canons of civilised warfare. In regard to the Belgian deportations, America has told the German Government that she views the latter's actions "with the greatest concern and regret," at the same time characterising its deeds as "contrary to all precedents and human principles." Yet President Wilson is content to protest "in a friendly spirit." Nations which stoop so low as Germany has done have forfeited all rights to friendship, except the friendship of rascals and murderers. Following hard on this latest U.S. Note we have an admission by the State Department at Washington that the torpedoing of the *Marina* was "a clear-cut violation of Germany's pledges." Yet information is awaited regarding the sinking of another boat before the next move is taken. But why wait for further proof of Germany's breach of faith when there is a specific case proved up to the hilt? It is this temporising and backbonedness on the part of neutrals which, more than anything else, has encouraged Germany in her brutality and savagery.

Our Sanitary Inspectors.

It seems to us a matter for some regret that the precious time of our Sanitary Board should yesterday have been devoted to so unprofitable a discussion as the education of the Board's Inspectors. Dr. Ozorio enquired: "Why are these points not covered for in examination?" What lines, in his estimation should such an examination pursue? As Mr. Goldring pertinently reminded the Board, it is doubtful if the ordinary Member could himself pass an examination in sanitary matters. The most, surely, that can be asked of inspectors who are engaged locally is that they shall understand a reasonable amount of Cantonese, and shall be young enough or adaptable enough to be able to pick up, under the direction of the M.O.H., such technical knowledge as will enable them to carry out their duties efficiently. On looking up the wage of an inspector, we find that it comes to the magnificent sum of £165 per annum (with free quarters) rising biennially by £15 to £225. Does Dr. Ozorio think that the Government ought to be able to get a B. Sc. of London or even a D. Sc. of Hongkong (if there be such a thing) for such pay as this? If he had taken the trouble to reflect on what Mr. Oatham ultimately pointed out—that the Colony ought to thank itself lucky to get a man at all just now, for this work—perhaps he would have realised that the question of more important matter.

DAY BY DAY.

HE'S TRUE TO GOD WHO'S TRUE TO MAN.—Lowell.

The Mails.

American, Canadian and Siberian Mails.—Closed per a.s. Siberia Maru at 11 a.m. to-day.
Siberian Mail (London, Nov. 15).—Due per a.s. Tsamba Maru to-morrow.
Siberian Mail.—Closes per a.s. Shantung at 3 p.m. to-morrow.

The Dollar.

The opening rate of the dollar on demand to-day was 2s. 4½/16d.

To-morrow's Anniversary.

To-morrow is the 21st birthday of H.R.H. Prince Albert.

Marine Court Enquiry.

The inquiry into the circumstances surrounding the fire which broke out on the s.s. *Palawan* on November 2, and which was fixed to continue to-day, has again been postponed until Friday.

A Placed Confidence.

Chan Pak-sun, the master of the ship at 25, Hillier Street, has reported to the Police, that yesterday afternoon he gave his shop coolie \$5,000 to take to a shop at West Point, and that the coolie has not been seen since.

Alleged Embezzlement.

The accountant of the Kwong Tai Hing, of Connaught Road West, named Tang Sai-po, was charged before Mr. C. D. Melbourne, at the Magistrate's court this morning with converting to his own use \$3,500, the monies of the firm. It seems that he was given this sum to pay Messrs. Gilman and Company. Mr. A. M. Preston appeared to prosecute, and the case was adjourned until December 20.

The Old Excuse.

Found in possession of 4 lbs. of raw opium yesterday, a Chinese was charged before Mr. J. R. Wood, at the Police Court this morning. Mr. Leo D'Almeida appeared to defend, it being explained that the man had only recently come back from the Straits and did not know the laws. A fine of \$250, or two months' hard labour, was imposed.

The "Khaki Bag".

Mrs. Milroy has secured by means of the "Khaki bag" a further sum of \$15, which she has sent Home to the *Weekly Dispatch* Fund, to be utilised for the benefit of the Dublin Fusiliers and the Highland Light Infantry. This brings the total up to \$180. Mrs. Milroy desires to thank all contributors, and to say that the little bag is still far from worn out and is serviceable for further collections.

Alleged Dumping.

A charge of dumping the body of a four-year-old female, who had died of small pox, was preferred against a Chinese living at 90, Wellington Street, before Mr. C. D. Melbourne, at the Police Court this morning. The prosecution alleged that a detective saw the man dumping the body outside 82, Wellington Street. Mr. Haywood in representing defendant, and the case was adjourned until to-morrow.

A Serious Charge.

Before Mr. J. R. Wood, at the Police Court this morning, a respectable-looking Chinese was charged with embezzling \$1,746.16, the property of his employers, of Des Vaux Road West. Mr. E. Davidson appeared to prosecute. It was stated by Inspector O'Sullivan that the man was sent yesterday to the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank to cash a cheque, but after cashing it he returned to his employers and said the money had been stolen. The money had not been traced. Mr. Davidson asked for a remand, and the case was put back until Friday morning.

HOCKEY.

Volunteer "A" v. 88. Coy. R.G.A.

In this U. S. League match, the following will play for the Volunteers (in white) at Happy Valley at 4.30 p.m. to-morrow:—R. A. O. North, C. B. Johnson, F. W. S. Evans, E. W. Hamilton, E. J. R. Mitchell, G. Mackin, R. A. Brand, L. N. Murphy, A. D. Ball (capt), F. R. Smith, P. T. ...

IN NIGERIA.

Tin and Other Matters.

Says Truth of November 8:—A recent case in connection with the tin-mining industry in the Naraguta district of Northern Nigeria calls for notice in the House of Commons. Practically all the workings are open surface workings, and, according to the information I have received, a number of native labourers were killed or injured during the first part of the rainy season this year owing to falls of earth at places where the face on which they were employed had been undercut. I may say an accident occurred on a property belonging to the Kaduna Syndicate, causing the death of one native employed and the permanent total disablement of another. Both the Government Inspector of Mines and an Assistant Inspector (the latter of whom visited the property and stopped the work) condemned the methods of mining there as wrong and dangerous. At the request the fatal accident was found to have been due to the culpable negligence of the European miner in control of the work, and he was committed for trial on a charge of manslaughter.

At this point the Council of the Chamber of Mines intervened on behalf of the defendant. Its members were not present when the evidence was taken, nor had they any personal knowledge of the facts; but on the strength of representations by interested parties they sent a long telegram to the Acting Lieutenant-Governor in which they attacked the procedure and judgment of the judicial officer who conducted the inquest, and demanded the transfer of the case to another court. The council circulated a copy of their telegram throughout the mine field, and the potency of their influence with the administration was soon demonstrated. The Lieutenant-Governor removed the officer concerned to another district, ordered the issue of a *nolle prosequi*, and so put an end to the case, the accused being discharged and returning to his mining.

The Colonial Secretary should be questioned in reference to this affair. The action of the Government of the Protectorate may have most pernicious consequences. It is obviously calculated, first, to discourage local judicial and mining officers whose duty it is to look after the safety of the workers on the mine, and, secondly, to produce laxity among employers who see how easily proceedings by such officers can be set aside. The mining industry is an important one, but proper conditions in the interests of labour must be enforced even if this tends to diminish dividends. When Mr. Bonar Law is questioned about this case he should also be asked whether the Colonial office is satisfied that there is a strict observance in Nigeria of the service regulation prohibiting officials from holding any interest in any concern operating for profit in the Protectorate. People on the spot are by no means satisfied on that point.

There have been strong protests against Mr. Bonar Law's refusal to exclude neutral buyers from the forthcoming auction of enemy properties in Nigeria, and there is some likelihood that after all a private sale to a British company may be arranged. This may be a good thing for the parties who inspired these patriotic protests, but what about the smaller British firms in Nigeria who are outside the Palm Kernel Trust? If the enemy properties (chiefly in the island of Lagos, where all available building spaces and sites are occupied) fall into the hands of the enemy, it will be more difficult than ever for independent merchants to extend and develop their businesses and for new firms to enter the trade. However, I suppose the smaller firms will be expected to find comfort in the thought that the enemy's market of the fact that they are not likely to be able to do any business with them on any other basis.

JAPAN AND UNITY OF ACTION.

Foreign Minister's Declaration.

Petrograd, Nov. 2.—Viscount Motono, the newly appointed Minister for Foreign Affairs, on the eve of his departure for Tokyo, delivered an important speech before the Russo-Japanese Society, in which he defined his attitude on various international questions arising out of the great war.

After expressing gratitude for the marks of warm sympathy which he had received during his 10 years' ambassadorship in Russia, Viscount Motono said:—I am particularly happy, gentlemen, to be able to state that our recent political accord was reached at the precise moment when the relations of your country with England are most intimate and most cordial.

As one of your eminent diplomatists has just said to me, at the time of the conclusion of our first political agreement, that of 1907, "a Russo-Japanese understanding, without a Russo-British understanding and vice versa, would have been an incomplete understanding." That is self-evident. You do not forget, gentlemen, that Japan has been the Ally of Great Britain for many years. Her constant policy has been to maintain the closest union with her Ally. This policy has found a brilliant consecration in the present war. Japan, at the first appeal of her Ally, took arms without the least hesitation, and has taken part in the great world war with all her ardour for the defence of the common cause.

I scarcely need tell you that Japan will always maintain this straightforward and loyal policy towards her friends and Allies. The events which we are witnessing are of extreme gravity. The present crisis is one of those that are so gigantic as to involve the fate of nations.

As I have had the honour of declaring on a former occasion, I have not the slightest doubt as to the final issue of this war. I am most profoundly convinced that the Allied nations, who are fighting for the defence of right and justice, will be victorious; but this victory ought to be early and decisive. In order to achieve this end, the sacred unity of all the Powers in coalition is an absolute necessity.

I do not doubt for a moment that this sacred unity exists among the Allied Governments. But this is not enough. The peoples themselves must clearly realise the necessity of this unity. Each of us must say to himself that our common enemy is on the look-out at our very doors for a rift in this sacred unity, for there lies his only hope of salvation. Since the outbreak of this diabolical war I have witnessed with admiration and emotion the great part played by the Russian people in the defence of our common cause. The immense sacrifices of all kinds which the Russian nation has imposed upon itself in order to triumph over the formidable enemy of us all are above praise.

Gentlemen, you will allow me to take advantage of this occasion in order to address to all the nations in coalition, especially to Great Britain and to France, the expression of my most sincere gratitude. We all know the part taken by these two powerful nations in the present war. The almost superhuman efforts which these two great nations have made since the beginning of the war in order to cope with the new needs and demands of a war without precedent command universal admiration.

I need not insist upon what would be the issue of this war without the mastery of the seas, what would be the result of the battles without the immense quantities of rifles and guns and of ammunition of all sorts, the consumption of which is already limited. You are well aware, gentlemen, what all we Allies owe to these two great nations.

In this world war we are defending not only our own particular interests, but also the general interests of all humanity. We fight and strive to triumph so that we may not lose sight of the fact that the world is not a collection of isolated islands, but a whole, and that the Allied nations fight for the common good of all.

IN BUDAPEST.

Like A City Besieged.

People here are sick and tired of grumbling about the prices of necessities. Within the last month they have again risen from fifty to a hundred per cent., but even the prices would not matter so much if only the food could be obtained. Budapest is like a town besieged, and we shall soon have to follow the example of the Parisians in 1870 and eat rats and mice. The principal trouble is that the Germans are taking away nearly everything, and what they generously leave is seized by the Austrians. Here is an example of the treatment Hungary receives at the hands of her Allies. There is scarcely any meat at all in Hungary, and the Germans and Austrians are as badly off in this respect as we are. A small quantity however, is imported from Holland and from the northern neutrals.

The *Pesti Naplo* learns that the distribution of the imported soap among the three Allies, is being made in this proportion: Germany gets 70 per cent, Austria 27½ per cent and Hungary the rest, that is, 2½ per cent. It is almost the same as regards Hungarian produce, for the Germans take the best part of it and leave our people to starve. The general depression on account of the distressing condition of affairs is very great, and the newspapers devote more than half of their entire space to what they call our food miseries. If one takes all these things into account, together with the facts that the military are being fed on half rations and that winter will inevitably bring with it a famine such as no imagination can picture, it is impossible not to forecast an early end of the war. The winter is the most dreaded word in this part of the world to-day, especially as there is no fuel and no hope of an improvement in this respect, for the railways are overburdened with the work of military transport and cannot possibly supply civilians with fuel. In a month's time things will look still more gloomy, for the cold weather will set in, and the hunger from which the people are suffering to-day will be replaced by cold and hunger.

In Austria the conditions are said to be even worse, for there the people have not only no vegetables, but in many places they are sometimes without bread for weeks, and the working classes, especially in Bohemia, are in a dangerous state of desperation. Thousands of munition workers, although under military control, struck work in Bohemia last week, and nothing could persuade them to work until two waggon loads of flour were distributed among them. Twenty of the leaders have been arrested, and have not been seen since. In Vienna a kilogramme of meat costs from 15 to 20, and a cake of soap from 3s to 4s. Washing soap costs 8s a kilogramme. The newspaper correspondents in Switzerland send us parcels of food and soap and such things every week, and are spending their time in supplying the staff of their newspapers with commodities instead of telegraphing news.

Opium Hunt.

A search was made this morning board the s.s. *Chingchow*, the Green Island Cement Company's steamer plying between here and Indo-China, by Revenue Officers Sutherland and Lannigan, which resulted in their finding 163 bags of prepared opium, valued at \$2,000.

those two ideals. It is for this reason that we should maintain the sacred unity, not only of all the Governments, but of all the Allied peoples. That is the essential condition of victory, quick and decisive. Now that the foundations of a solid and lasting friendship between our two nations have been laid, we must henceforth endeavour to render more and more fruitful the relations of all their citizens, and to make the Allied nations fight for the common good of all.

THE MPH-MPH.

Have you ever heard tell of the Mph-Mph?

He's quiet and a rarity too! His choice habitat is a rusty silk hat.

And he's not to be found in the Zoo. He's a dolichocephalic biped. While his tail is composed of red tape!

He wears fur or leather (just which, account weather)

And he has most curious shape.

Of course, he's a great politician.

(He'd be popular here in Hongkong!)

If the Powers That Be decline—or agree,

He'll stoutly declare they are wrong.

He's a whale on financial conditions,

And death upon sewage and drains;

While he likes nothing more than to write of the War

Ingloomy but garrulous strains.

His social attractions are greater.

He's a gay and gregarious soul.

At times he's dramatic; his humour is Attic.

Tho' his logic is clean up the pole.

He'd revel in stania such as Kismet,

And I fear he'd prefer them to drill!

There'd be roars of applause if he came to our shores

But I somehow don't think that he will.

Have you ever heard tell of the Mph-Mph?

Economy now is his boast.

And the alcohol daily he swallows so gaily.

It wouldn't unbalance a ghost.

If you've never heard tell of the Mph-Mph

The interest's liable to pall.

But its past contravening you'll not catch my meaning.

For there's not any meaning at all.

E. W. H.

Hongkong, Dec. 13, 1916.

POLICE RESERVE ORDERS.

Orders issued to day by Mr. F. O. Jenkin, D.S.P. (Reserve) state:—

Service Board.

This Board will sit at the D.S.P. (R.)'s office on the dates mentioned to enquire into the duties being performed by each member of the force and as to whether police duties are being equally shared by all ranks.

The Board will enquire into the duties performed by the various units as follows:—

Thursday, Dec. 21.—No. 2 Company, Band and Orchestra.

Friday, Dec. 22.—Nos. 1 and 2 Platoons and Water Police.

Wednesday, Dec. 27.—No. 3 Company, Bagpipers and Drummers.

Thursday, Dec. 28.—No. 4 Company, Ambulance Platoon, Mounted Police, Maxim Gunners and Motor Patrols.

Only Company, Platoon, and Section Commanders and warning officers will be required to attend. They will attend at 5.30 p.m. sharp and in uniform, and be prepared to explain any non-performance of duty by members of their respective units.

Circular letters are being issued to all concerned.

Defaulters' Drill.

Members awarded D. D. will parade at Central Station at 4.30 p.m. on Saturday next, December 16. Uniform, helmets, and rifles. Staff Inspector Clarke will take charge.

Parades.

No parades, except of the Mounted Police, will take place during the week commencing December 17.

Calendars.

Local firms are issuing some very pretty calendars for the coming year. Messrs. Grande, Price and Company are putting out an extremely dainty design of a lady's head, entitled "Bobby," which is so mounted that it can easily be detached for framing purposes, while the same observation applies to the calendar sent out by the Victoria Dispensary, which bears a charming picture of a scene, entitled "Summer Days."

ANGLO-PORTUGUESE TRADE.

An Interesting Summary.

An article of very great interest to manufacturers and shippers appears in this month's issue of the magazine *Portugal*, which is a review of the country, its colonies, commerce, history, literature and art. The article is from the pen of Carlos Gomes, former president of the Lisbon Chamber of Commerce. Don Carlos Gomes says:—

It has been since 1870, when German commercial travellers began to invade Portugal, that English goods have been disappearing from our markets. In the middle of the last century the number of British houses established in Lisbon was still great. Since then British traders and a great number of offices for English importations have been disappearing, to give place to German houses. When the present war broke those lines which constituted the greatest elements of our trade were in German hands, lines such as cork in boards and manufactured corks, cocoas, rubber, wax, textiles, manures, &c., while the number of British houses established in Portugal was greatly reduced.

The while our trade with Germany increased that with Great Britain remained stationary. Germany came to be in 1912 our best customer, and in 1913 there was added the increase of our exportation for Holland and Belgium, which naturally was destined for re-importation to Germany, this country continuing to be still the best customer of Portugal. The Portuguese Government has not yet published the statistics for 1915, but it would seem that Great Britain has not yet taken the place of Germany, despite the blockade.

There is no doubt that since the war, as before it, has been Great Britain which has sold more to us, owing to Germany being blockaded because of the lack of shipping for North America. But this has not been because the British business man has changed in accordance with the necessities of the great commercial war which is about to begin; or that the British manufacturer has improved and altered his goods, as demanded by the requirements of our market; or that the British banker has afforded the business circles of his country such assistance as is necessary to insure that these last should cease to export according to old and archaic systems—payment with order and credits opened in London.

All Portuguese business men know well how true this is as regards the special articles which they are accustomed to deal, but I shall, none the less, give certain cases in point. Fine quality leather prepared for boots and shoes Great Britain imported for the most part from Germany, the number of British manufacturers for this speciality being few, and these few producing an inferior quality, at once heavy and coarse. Great Britain now imports these goods from America, their old factories during the two years of the war having failed to improve and continuing to furnish the same of goods as before.

Personally I do not know how, after the termination of the military operations, notwithstanding the most stringent legislation against the invasion of German trade, and notwithstanding the highest tariff rates, Great Britain will be able to provide Portugal with the goods she will require if she does not prepare to take advantage of the present unique opportunity. Notwithstanding the very difficult situation of Germany she has not withdrawn her commercial travellers from Sweden, Norway, Holland and Switzerland, nor during the war has the number of her commercial schools ceased to increase, although in the greater part of her cities technical training or, as it is called, "vocational courses" were already obligatory.

The writer in recent visits to Great Britain had occasion to observe that this latter phenomenon had not yet been introduced there, and that many products that were imported from Germany into Portugal and its colonies could not be manufactured in Great

MAGISTERIAL CURIOSITY.

"Are You a Good Man?"

A large fur rug, belonging to Dr. Dilmahoy Allan, was alleged to have been stolen from his motor car by a Chinese yesterday. The man was charged before Mr. J. R. Wood, at the Police Court this morning.

The driver stated that he was waiting for Dr. Allan, who was seeing a patient, and he crossed the road to find out the time from a shop. When he turned round, he saw the defendant with the rug under his arm walking away. He stopped the man and handed him over to a Police Reserve constable.

Defendant denied the offence, saying he went to look at one of the lamps which was out. As he was walking away, he saw the rug lying on the ground, and he picked it up. He was not stealing it.

His Worship asked defendant if he could bring anybody to speak as to his character, and when defendant said he could, his Worship remanded the case until to-morrow to allow witnesses to attend.

Concubine Charged.

Before Mr. J. R. Wood, at the Police Court this morning, a concubine was charged with stealing, whilst a bailee, \$2,000 in bank notes, \$200 in money and a quantity of clothing and furniture, valued at \$400, the property of Yeung Po, a military officer, of Wai Chan, 130 Praya East.

Britain, and when endeavouring to find British houses for export which might substitute in our colonies German firms, such as Berg and Schaber, which does business for some 3,000 different makers, he was told that not only did no such commercial organisations exist, but that it would be impossible to readily create them in Great Britain.

Another illustration no less curious is afforded by what has taken place and yet continues to take place in England with regard to Portuguese cocoas. The whole there an association was formed in which there entered certain planters from Trinidad, in addition to Sir Roger Casement, the Irish traitor, and brokers for cocoas, which association had for its objects the discrediting of Portuguese cocoas, now procuring its fall in the market, now publishing abroad that it is grown by slave labour, the Germans, ridiculing the improvidence of Great Britain in her treatment of Portugal, her friend of centuries, invaded our markets, diverting our Portuguese cocoas to Germany, which was later sold to the English, probably after transshipment and disguised! I said it is that it should be I who should here have to point out that notwithstanding all, even at the present time the exportation of cocoas to England is almost nil. Were it not for the Italians and the French, Portugal would now be suffering a great crisis owing to the depreciation of her cocoas.

We would do all justice to the men who are at the head of the British Government at this time, and to whom are entrusted the destinies of the country. They are men of the highest intellectual power and well acquainted with German methods. This is to be seen in the vast and extraordinary work which is being carried out through the medium of the Board of Trade, for the economic transformation of Great Britain. We trust that British business men and manufacturers will understand and respond to these efforts as they should. Germany was Portugal's best customer. It is necessary that Great Britain should substitute her facilities must be given and concessions granted for our cocoas, our table wines, our made corks, our preserved fruits and fish, our rubber, our wax, our wool, our mineral waters, our oil, our brims and our coffee. It is possible that I have been severe in pointing out discreditable facts. But I write to be read alone in England, saying alone what is true, the English being lovers of truth and esteeming what is true above all else.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

FOR THE FESTIVE SEASON.

TURKEYS, GEESE, CAPONS, CHICKENS, AND HAMS.

ORDER EARLY

TO AVOID DISAPPOINTMENT.

RIFLE SHOOTING.

H.K. Police Reserve Winter "Bisley."

His Excellency the Governor has stated his intention of being present on the range, at this shooting on Boxing Day.

Prizes will be given for the best team shoot, the individual shoot, and also for the best individual scores made among the naval, military and police competitors respectively. The presentation of prizes for this purpose will be gratefully acknowledged by Mr. F. O. Jenkin, D.S.P. (R.) Prizes' Buildings, Ice House Street.

All competitors and those engaged on duty are invited to visit on the range as the guests of the Police Reserve Headquarters Club.

In answer to an enquiry, Captain Wood, Range Officer, states that the backslight sliding bar may be reversed at the option of any competitor.

LANGKAT OUTPUT.

Messrs. Benjamin and Potts advise us that the Langkat output is as follows:—

Dec.	1	...	Tons	93
"	2	...	95	
"	3	...	90	
"	4	...	95	
"	5	...	90	
"	6	...	116	
"	7	...	97	
"	8	...	103	
"	9	...	109	
"	10	...	95	
"	11	...	108	
"	12	...	102	

Total to 12th inst. 1,197

Daily average 99.75

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

PUBLIC AUCTIONS.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction on

MONDAY, the 18th December, 1916,

commencing at 11 a.m. at his Sales Rooms, Duddell Street,

35 drums, Anti-Fouling Composition, (Th. Hoeg),

15 drums, Anti-Corrosive Composition (Th. Hoeg),

8 cases Boot-topping Paint, (Th. Hoeg),

14 cases Grey Paint, (Th. Hoeg),

13 cases Copper Paint, (Th. Hoeg).

Terms:—Cash on delivery. GEO. P. LAMBERT, Auctioneer.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction on

SATURDAY, the 16th December, 1916,

commencing at 11 a.m. at his Sales Rooms, Duddell Street,

1 case Hams,

1 case Bacon.

Terms:—Cash on delivery. GEO. P. LAMBERT, Auctioneer.

SAKURA BEER



SOLE AGENTS:
SUZUKI & CO.
TEL 468
ALEXANDRA BUILDING.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENT.
TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

SA. "TENYO MARU."
From SAN FRANCISCO via HONOLULU, JAPAN PORTS AND MANILA.

The above named steamer having arrived, Consignees of cargo are hereby notified to send in their Bills of Lading for counter-signature, and to take immediate delivery of cargo from alongside.

Cargo remaining undelivered on 14th December, at noon, will be landed at Consignees' risk and expense, and delivery must then be taken from the Company's Godown. Storage charges will be assessed on all cargo remaining undelivered on 19th December, at 5 p.m.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected.

No Claim will be recognised after the goods have left the Steamer or Godown.

All chafed and damaged cargo will be landed into the Company's Godown, where they will be examined on 20th December, at 10 a.m.

No Claims will be recognised if filed after 3rd January, 1916.

T. DAIGO, Agent.

Hongkong, 13th December, 1916.

KNIFE-LIKE PAINS

The sharp, shooting pains, the intense agony of Sciatica, often make death preferable to life. The fiery darts that run from hip to heel, the sleepless nights, the character days—why not stop all this and get back to health and comfort again?

LITTLE'S ORIENTAL BALM is the best known remedy for Sciatica. Rubbed into the limb where the pain is, it gives almost instant relief, and its potent heat has effected many miraculous cures.

Balm deeply just because other remedies have failed to cure your Sciatica. LITTLE'S ORIENTAL BALM is different from all other remedies. It cures, as thousands can testify.

Sold at 1s. 1 per bottle. Of all Chemists and Medicines Vendors throughout India.

Agents for Hongkong: Messrs. A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.

DENT'S GLOVES

MADE IN ENGLAND

WHITE KID

\$2.00 Per Pair.

CHAMOIS LEATHER

\$2.50 Per Pair.

TAN CAPE

\$4.00 Per Pair.

GREY BUCK

\$4.00 Per Pair.

MACKINTOSH

& CO. LTD.

Men's Wear Specialists.

16, DES VUEX ROAD.

TELEPHONE NO. 29.

Powell Ltd
TELEPHONE 346

XMAS PRESENTS
OF
EVERY DESCRIPTION
FOR
LADIES, GENTLEMEN, CHILDREN AND BABIES.

COLLARD & COLLARD
RENOWNED PIANOS.

BRITISH MADE THROUGHOUT.

NEW MODELS JUST RECEIVED.

SOLE AGENTS:

THE ANDERSON MUSIC CO., LTD.

6, DES VUEX ROAD.

TEL 1322.

XMAS HAMPERS.

We beg to notify our Customers that Assorted Hampers suitable for the Festive Season may be obtained from us at the following reduced Prices:

No. 1 Hamper

1 bottle	Moet & Chandon Champagne	Quart
1 "	D.O.M.	Pint
1 "	Blackberry Brandy	Quart
1 "	Martell's XXX Brandy	"
2 "	King George IV Whisky	"
1 "	Super Tawny Port	"
2 "	St. Julien Claret	"
1 "	Old Brown Sherry	"
1 "	Old Tom Gin	"
1 phial	Pomeranzan Bitters	"

No. 2 Hamper

1 bottle	Victor Clicquot Champagne	Quart
1 "	Martell's XXX Brandy	"
2 "	Perfection Whisky	"
2 "	Rich Old Port	"
2 "	St. Julien Claret	"
1 "	Vino de Panto Sherry	"
1 "	Peppermint G. F. small	"
1 "	D.O.M. small	"
1 "	Old Tom Gin	"
1 phial	Pomeranzan Bitters	"

No. 3 Hamper

1 bottle	Burgundy	Quart
1 "	Peppermint small	"
1 "	D.O.M.	"
2 "	Rich Old Port	"
2 "	Perfection Whisky	"
1 "	20 years Old Brandy	"
2 "	Amontillado Sherry	"
1 "	Medoc Claret	"
1 "	Old Tom Gin	"
1 phial	Pomeranzan Bitters	"

Hampers of all descriptions made up to suit Customers' requirements.

CANDE, PRICE & CO., LTD.

WINE MERCHANTS.

TEL NO. 135.

6, Queen's Road, Central, Hongkong.

SHIPPING

P. & O. S. N. Co.

ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.

WILL dispatch VESSELS to the Undermentioned PORTS on or about the DATES named:-

For	Steamers	To Sail On	Remarks
LONDON via Singapore, P'ang, C'bo, Port Said and Marseilles.	NANKIN Capt. G. Manley.	noon 16th Dec.	Direct Service.
LONDON & B'bay via S'pore, P'ang, C'bo, Port Said & Marseilles.	NOVARA Capt. H. R. Hetherington, R.N.R.	noon 29th Dec.	Connecting at Colombo with Mail Steamer MOULTAN.
SHANGHAI.	SOMALI Capt. L. D. Pinckney.	about 30th Dec.	Direct Service.
SHANGHAI, Moji and Kobe.	NYANZA Capt. J. Gaunt, R.N.R.	about 1st Jan.	Direct Service.

WIRELESS ON ALL STEAMERS. Return tickets at a fare-and-a-half available to Europe for two years, or Intermediate Ports for six months. Round-the-world and through tickets to New York, at Special Rates.

For PASSAGE RATES, HAND-BOOKS, and FREIGHTS apply to

P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office,
Hongkong, 13th Dec., 1916.

E. V. D. Parr,
Acting Superintendent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
OCEAN SERVICES
LIMITED

QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC

To Canada, United States and Europe via Vancouver

In connection with the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Hong Kong to Vancouver 17 days. Hong Kong to Montreal 22 days.

Hong Kong to Chicago 21 days. Hong Kong to New York 22 days.

EMPRESS OF RUSSIA and EMPRESS OF ASIA

30,625 tons Displacement, Quadruple Screw, Speed 21 Knots.

Largest and most luxurious ships on the Pacific.

SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG (subject to change) SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG

EMPRESS OF RUSSIA. 28 Dec. EMPRESS OF RUSSIA 15 Mar.

Empress of Japan. 10 Jan. Empress of Japan. 28 Mar.

Monteagle. 3 Feb. Monteagle. 14 Apl.

EMPRESS OF ASIA. 15 Feb.

Calling at Shanghai, Nagasaki (Inland Sea), Kobe and Yokohama.

Monteagle calls Moji instead of Nagasaki.

Through Bills of Lading issued via Vancouver in connection with Canadian Pacific Ry. to all Overland Points in Canada and the United States, also to Pacific Coast Points, European ports and West Indies.

For Further information as to rates of Freight and Passage Sailing Lists, etc. please apply to

P. & O. S. N. Co., General Agent, Passenger Department, Hong Kong.

J. M. WALLACE,
General Agent,
Hong Kong.

BRITISH INDIA S. N. CO., LTD.

APCAR LINE.

Regular Service Between

CALCUTTA, STRAITS, SHANGHAI and JAPAN PORTS.

EASTWARD.

The above steamers have excellent saloon accommodation for passengers and are fitted with all modern conveniences and carry a duly qualified surgeon.

For freight or passage, apply to

DAVID SASSOON & CO., LTD.

Hongkong, Nov. 24, 1916. Agents.

"ELLERMAN" LINE.

(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.)

JAPAN, CHINA & STRAITS

TO UNITED KINGDOM AND CONTINENT.

For Steamer Sails.

Steamers proceed via Cape of Good Hope.

Subject to change without notice.

For rates of freight and further information apply to

THE BANK LINE, LTD.,
General Agents,

or to REISS & Co. Canton
Hongkong, 12th Oct., 1916.

BRITISH INDIA S. N. CO., LTD.

NEW SERVICE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN

Yokohama, Kobe, Hongkong and Rangoon.

Steamers are despatched Eastward and Westward at regular intervals taking Passengers and Cargo at current Rates.

For Freight and Passage, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LD.

Telephone No. 211.

Agents.

SHIPPING

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

Projected Sailings from Hongkong—

Subject to Alteration

Destination	Steamers	Sailing Date
LONDON via Singapore, Malacca, Penang, Colombo, Delagoa Bay, Cape Town, Tenerife.	Kamo Maru Capt. R. Shimidzu T. 16,000 Kashima Maru Capt. K. Iagaku T. 21,000	THURS. 28th Dec. at noon. THURS. 4th Jan. at noon.
VICTORIA, B.C. and SEATTLE via Shanghai, Moji, Kobe, Nagoya & Yokohama.	Tamba Maru Capt. Akamatsu T. 12,500 Shidzuoka Maru Capt. Nomi T. 12,500	TUES. 19th Dec. at noon. WED. 3rd Jan. at noon.
SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila, Thursday Island, Townsville and Brisbane.	Tango Maru Capt. Soyeda T. 13,500 Nikko Maru Capt. R. Takeda T. 9,600	WED. 13th Dec. at noon. FRI. 12th Jan. at 4 p.m.
CALCUTTA via S'pore, P'ang & Rangoon.	Tosa Maru Capt. O. Sakimoto T. 10,000	FRIDAY, 22nd Dec.
BOMBAY via S'pore, Malacca & C'bo.	Yorofu Maru Capt. S. Hirata T. 8,000	THURSDAY, 14th Dec.
SHANGHAI and Kobe.	Tolomi Maru Capt. Kama T. 8,000 Yamagata Maru Capt. K. Goto T. 8,000	WEDNESDAY, 13th Dec. WEDNESDAY, 13th Dec.
KOBE.	Nikko Maru Capt. R. Takeda T. 9,600	THURS. 4th Dec. at 10 a.m.
NAGASAKI, Kobe and Yokohama.	Isuwa Maru Capt. T. Sekine T. 21,000	SATUR. 15th Dec. at 10 a.m.
SHANGHAI, Kobe and Yokohama.	Colombo Maru Capt. E. Nomura T. 8,000	WEDNESDAY, 13th Dec.

VIA DIVOSTOCK, Kobe & Yokohama.

EASTBOUND NEW YORK LINE VIA PANAMA CANAL.

(CARGO ONLY).

NEW YORK via Shanghai, Kobe, Nagoya, Yokohama, San Francisco, Panama and Colon.

5 Wireless Telegraphy.

Telephone Nos. 292 & 293.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

B. MORI, Manager.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

SAN FRANCISCO LINE

VIA SHANGHAI, THE INLAND SEA, JAPAN & HONOLULU.

Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to change without notice.

Steamer Displacement Tons & Speed Leave Hongkong

Siberia Maru 19,000—18 knots 13th Dec.

Tenyo Maru 22,000—21 knots 19th Dec.

Nippon Maru 11,000—15 knots 4th Jan. 1917.

Shinyo Maru 22,000—21 knots 17th Jan.

Persia Maru 9,000—14 knots 27th Jan.

Korea Maru 18,000—18 knots 10th Feb.

1st class to London £318 (21/10/0), return £412 (2/12/0).

to San Francisco \$350, return \$437.50.

*For this voyage the Persia Maru will call at Honolulu.

Special Rates given to NAVAL, MILITARY, CIVIL SERVANTS, MISSIONARIES, etc.

ROUND THE WORLD Tickets issued in Connection with all the Principal

Mail Lines and the Trans-Pacific Railway.

Passengers may travel the Railway between ports of call in Japan free of charge.

SOUTH AMERICAN LINE.

VIA JAPAN PORTS, SAN FRANCISCO, HONOLULU, LOILO, LOS ANGELES,

SALINA CRUZ, PANAMA, CALLED, IQUIQUE and VALPARAISO, THENCE

BY TRANS-ANDAN ROUTE TO BUENOS AIRES, ETC.

Steamer Tons & Speed Leave Hongkong

Kiyo Maru 17,200—14 knots 9th Jan. 1917.

For full particulars as to Passage & Freight, apply to

T. DAICO, Agent.

Telephone No. 291.

KING'S BUILDINGS.

JAVA PACIFIC LINE

OF THE

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

Monthly Service between

NETH. INDIA, MANILA, HONGKONG AND SAN FRANCISCO.

Next sailings for SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI.

Subject to change without Notice.

S.S. Tjikembang 14th Dec. S.S. Tjisondari 11th Feb.

Arakan 11th Jan.

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

The steamers have accommodation for a limited number of

saloon passengers and carry a duly qualified surgeon.

Cargo taken on through Bills of Lading to all Overland Points

in the United States of America and Canada.

For particulars of Freight and Passage, apply to—

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

Hongkong, York Buildings. Managing Agents.

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO. LTD.

FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS.

S.S. CHINA

WILL SAIL FROM HONGKONG FOR

SAN FRANCISCO

VIA SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA & HONOLULU,

TO SAN FRANCISCO.

JANUARY 31, APRIL 11, JUNE 23, 1917.

AN UNSURPASSED HIGH CLASS PASSENGER

SERVICE AT INTERMEDIATE RATES.

O. H. RITTER, Freight and Passenger Agent,

Prince's Buildings, Ice House Street

R.M.S.P. THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO.

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

Subject to change without Notice.

For Steamer Date of Departure

TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE.

SAILINGS TO VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, SEATTLE,

TACOMA AND PORTLAND.

For freight and further particulars, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LD.

Telephone No. 215, Sub. Ex. No. 10. Agents.

SHIPPING

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

For	Steamers	To Sail
H'HOW, PHOI & H'PHONG	Kailong	14th Dec. at 10 a.m.
SHANGHAI	Shantong	14th Dec. at 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI	Yingchow	17th Dec. at 4 p.m.
MANILA, CEBU & ILOILO	Taming	19th Dec. at 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI	Chenan	19th Dec. at 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI	Sinkiang	21st Dec. at 4 p.m.

DIRECT SAILINGS TO WEST RIVER, Twice Weekly.

S.S. "LINTAN" and S.S. "SANUI."

MANILA LINE—Twin Screw Steamers "Chinua," "Taming,"

and "Tean." Excellent saloon accommodation, electric

fans fitted; extra staterooms on deck aft on "Taming" & "Tean."

SHANGHAI LINE—PASSENGERS, MAILS AND CARGO.

S.S. "Anhai," "Chenan," "Luchow," "Yingchow," "Shan-

tung," and "Sinkiang," with excellent accommodation, electric

light and fans in Saloon and State-rooms, maintain a regular

schedule service between Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai, leaving

Hongkong for Shanghai direct every Tuesday, Thursday and

Sunday, taking cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and

Northern China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai, avoid-

ing the inconvenience of transshipment at Wossung.

For Freight or Passage apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,

Telephone No. 36.

Hongkong Dec. 13, 1916.

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

Regular Fortnightly Service between

JAVA CHINA and JAPAN.

Steamer From Expected on or about Will leave on or about For

Tjilatjap KOBE 21st Dec. 23rd Dec. JAVA & MAKASSAR

Tjilmanoe SHANGHAI 28th Dec. 30th Dec. JAVA

Tjitaroen JAVA 28th Dec. 3rd Jan. SHANGHAI

Tjiliwong JAVA & MAKASSAR 27th Dec. 31st Dec. KOBE

* Wireless Telegraphy.

The steamers are all fitted throughout with electric light and

have accommodation for a limited number of saloon-passengers.

All steamers carry a duly qualified surgeon. Cargo taken at

through rates to all ports in Netherlands-India and Australia.

For particulars of Freight and Passage, apply to the

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

Telephone No. 1574.

York Building. 116

THE EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN

STEAMSHIP CO., LIMITED.

MAIL SERVICE TO AUSTRALIA.

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION WITHOUT NOTICE.)

Steamer Arrive Hongkong from Australia Leave Hongkong for Australia

Eastern 6th Jan. 25th Dec. at 11 a.m.

SL Albans 6th Jan. 27th Jan.

The above Steamers are fitted with Refrigerating Machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of Ice, Fresh Provisions, etc., and are

lighted throughout with Electricity. All State-Rooms have Electric

Fans. A duly qualified Doctor and Stewardess are carried.

All Steamers Fitted with Wireless Telegraphy.

For further particulars, apply to

Gibb, Livingston & Co.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LD.

HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA COAST PORT SERVICE.

Regular Service of Fast, High Class Coast Steamers having

good accommodation for First Class Passengers, Electric Light and

Fans in state-rooms and Saloon and Excellent Cuisine.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY AND FOOSHOW AND RETURN.

(Occupying 9 to 10 days.)

Steamships Captain Leaving

Haikong... A. E. Higgins... WED. 13th Dec. at 11 a.m.

Haikong... J. W. Evans... FRI. 22nd Dec. at 11 a.m.

FOR SWATOW.

Haikong... J. W. Evans... TUES. 19th Dec. at 10 a.m.

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near

Blake Pier).

For Freight and Passage, apply to

Douglas Lapraik & Co.,

General Managers.

INDO-CHINA STEAM

NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

(Projected Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to Alteration).

For Steamer On

HAIPHONG... Takang... Fri. 15th Dec. at 7 a.m.

S'PORE, P'ang & C'outa Kutsang... Sat. 16th Dec. at noon.

MANILA... Loogang... Sat. 16th Dec. at 5 p.m.

SHANGHAI... Wingsang... Thur. 21st Dec. at 4 p.m.

MANILA... Yuensang... Sat. 23rd Dec. at 3 p.m.

Return Tours to Japan.

The steamers Kutsang, Namsang, Lalsang and Fooksang, leave

about every 3 weeks for Shanghai and Japan, returning via Kobe

(Inland Sea) and Moji, to Hongkong. Time occupied 20 days.

This service is supplemented by the Yatting and Kumsang

leaving Hongkong at regular intervals for Yokohama, Kobe and Moji

and returning thence direct to Hongkong. Time occupied 16 days.

These vessels have all modern improvements and are fitted

throughout with Electric Light.

A duly qualified surgeon is also carried.

* Steamers have superior accommodation for First-class

SHIPPING.

KONINKLYKE PAKETVAART MAATSCHAPPY.

ROYAL PACKET NAVIGATION CO.
The s.s. "JACOB."This vessel plies regularly between HONGKONG & BELAWAN DELI (Sumatra) via Swatow.
Next Sailing from Hongkong: December 26, 1916.

This vessel has excellent saloon accommodation for a limited number of passengers, is fitted with all modern conveniences and carries a duly qualified surgeon.

For freight and passage apply to—

Yong Building, Tel. 1574.
Hongkong, 27th Nov., 1916.JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.
Agents.PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.
U. S. MAIL LINE.Operating the new First Class Steamers
"ECUADOR," "VENEZUELA" and "COLOMBIA,"
14,000 tons each.Hongkong to San Francisco,
via Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama and HONOLULU.

THE SUNSHINE BELT.

The most comfortable route to America and Europe.

Sailings from Hongkong.

s.s. "ECUADOR"	December 30.
s.s. "VENEZUELA"	March 1, 1917.
s.s. "ECUADOR"	March 28.
s.s. "COLOMBIA"	April 23.

These steamers have the most modern equipment including ALL LOWER BERTHS and Large Comfortable Staterooms (all single and two berths only).

The Safety and Comfort of Passengers is our First Consideration. Ticket are interchangeable with the Togo Kisen Kaisha and the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd.

For further information, rates, literature, schedules etc., Apply to—

Company's Office in
ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS,
Chater Road.

Telephone No. 141.

NOTICES.

WELLS FARGO & CO.
EXPRESS.FORWARDERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO THE
SHIPPING OF TOURISTS' BAGGAGE AND
PURCHASES. TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES CASHED.B. MONTEITH WEBB & CO., Representatives.
1a, Chater Road. Phone No. 1500.

THOS. COOK & SON.

Tourist, Steamship and Forwarding Agents, Bankers, etc.

OFFICIAL PASSENGER AGENTS TO
THE PHILIPPINE GOVERNMENTTICKETS SUPPLIED TO ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD at
Tariff Rates.
LETTERS OF CREDIT AND CIRCULAR NOTES ISSUED and
CASHED.BAGGAGE collected, forwarded and insured at lowest rates.
Cook's "FAR EASTERN TRAVELLERS' GAZETTE"
containing Sailings and Fares from the Far East to all parts
of the World will be forwarded free on application.

Telegraphic address "COUPON."

THOS. COOK & SON,

16, Des Voeux Road, HONGKONG.

also SHANGHAI, PEKING, YOKOHAMA, MANILA.
Chief Office—LUDGATE CIRCUS, LONDON, E.C.

E. HING

WING WOO STREET

SHIP CHANDLERS & GENERAL STOREKEEPERS.
STEEL, IRON, BRASS & METAL MERCHANTS.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL IRONMONGERS.
TELEPHONE 1116.

NOTICE.

G. R.

Any European, Non-Asiatic or
Indian desiring to leave the
Colony should apply in person
at the Central Police Station
between the hours of 9 a.m. to
1 p.m. and 3 p.m. to 4 p.m. daily.
Applicants will be required to
produce Passports or identification
papers.All persons with certain excep-
tions who remain in the
Colony for more than 7 days are
required to Register themselves
under the REGISTRATION OF
PERSONS ORDINANCE 1916.
Forms of Registration giving the
particulars required may be
obtained at the G. P. O. and at
all Police Stations.
The Penalty for non-com-
pliance is a fine not exceeding
\$50.

NOTICES.

JUST RECEIVED.

A Large and new consignment of Oriental Satins, Gorge's C-ropes, Persian plain Carpets and Rugs. An inspection is earnestly solicited.

D. GHELLARAM,

38, & 40, Queen's Road, Central.

MAN LOONG.

FIRST-CLASS PRESERVES, CANNERS
AND MEAT MANUFACTURERS.

Factory at Yuenail.

OFFICE: No. 36, Des Voeux Road, W.

Telephone No. 177 & K. 12.

We are the leading Manufacturers in
this class of Goods. Our Fruit &
Vegetables are all fresh and of the first quality.
Our Syrup is prepared from the best
quality of Sugar. We give our goods
attention to the business and sanitary
arrangements.

VESSELS LOADING AND TO-LOAD.

EUROPEAN PORTS.

Destination.	Vessel's Name.	For Freight Apply To	To be Despatched.
London via Ports	Cyclops	B. & S.	13, Dec.
London via Ports	Nankin	P. & O.	15, Dec.
Liverpool via Ports	Ningchow	B. & S.	23, Dec.
London via Cape Town	Kamo M.	N. Y. K.	28, Dec.
London via Ports	Novara	P. & O.	29, Dec.
Liverpool via Ports	Euryalus	B. & S.	11, Dec.
Genoa	Merchire	J. M. Co.	Dec.
Genoa and London	Gleniffer	S. T. & Co.	Dec.
London via Ports	Peleus	B. & S.	5, Jan.
London via Ports	Teucer	B. & S.	10, Jan.

NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO AND CANADA

San Francisco via Japan	Siberia M.	T. K. K.	13, Dec.
San Francisco via Japan	Tjikembang	J. C. J. L.	14, Dec.
Victoria, B.C., & Seattle	Tamba M.	N. Y. K.	19, Dec.
San Francisco via Japan	Tenyo M.	T. K. K.	19, Dec.
Seattle via Japan	Protesilaus	B. & S.	23, Dec.
Vancouver via Japan	E. of Russia	C. P. O. S.	28, Dec.
San Francisco via Japan	Euador	P. M. S. S.	30, Dec.
Victoria B.C. via Japan	Shidzuoka M.	N. Y. K.	3, Jan.
San Francisco via Japan	Nippon M.	T. K. K.	4, Jan.
South American Ports	Kiyom M.	T. K. K.	9, Jan.
Vancouver via Japan	E. of Japan	C. P. O. S.	10, Jan.
San Francisco via Japan	Arakan	J. C. J. L.	11, Jan.
San Francisco via Japan	Shinyo M.	T. K. K.	17, Jan.
San Francisco via Japan	Persia M.	T. K. K.	17, Jan.
San Francisco via Japan	China	C. M. S. S.	31, Jan.
Vancouver via Japan	Monteagle	C. P. O. S.	3, Feb.
New York via Panama	Toyooka M.	N. Y. K.	Early Feb.

AUSTRALIA.

Australia via Manila	Tango M.	N. Y. K.	13, Dec.
Australia via Manila	Eastern	G. L. Co.	25, Dec.
Australia via Manila	Nikko M.	N. Y. K.	12, Jan.
Australia via Manila	St. Albans	G. L. Co.	27, Jan.

SINGAPORE, INDIA, COAST PORTS AND JAPAN.

Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Haitan	D. L. & Co.	13, Dec.
Shanghai	Choyang	J. M. Co.	13, Dec.
Vladivostok via Japan	Tshima M.	N. Y. K.	14, Dec.
Hohow and Haiphong	Kaifong	B. & S.	14, Dec.
Shanghai	Shantung	B. & S.	14, Dec.
Bombay via Ports	Yatorfu M.	N. Y. K.	14, Dec.
Haiphong	Takung	J. M. Co.	15, Dec.
Singapore, Penang and Calcutta	Kutang	J. M. Co.	16, Dec.
Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama	Suwa M.	N. Y. K.	16, Dec.
Manila	Loongang	J. M. Co.	16, Dec.
Shanghai	Yingchow	B. & S.	17, Dec.
Shanghai and Japan	Tydeus	B. & S.	18, Dec.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Haihong	D. L. Co.	19, Dec.
Manila, Cebu and Iloilo	Taming	B. & S.	19, Dec.
Shanghai	Chonan	B. & S.	19, Dec.
Shanghai	Wingang	J. M. Co.	21, Dec.
Shanghai	Sinkiang	B. & S.	21, Dec.
Calcutta via Ports	Toma M.	N. Y. K.	22, Dec.
Manila	Yuenang	J. M. Co.	23, Dec.
Java and Makassar	Tijlajap	J. C. J. L.	23, Dec.
Belawan Deli (Sumatra) via S'ow	J. C. J. L.	26, Dec.	
Shanghai and Japan	Phonius	B. & S.	28, Dec.
Shanghai, Moji and Kobe	Somali	P. & O.	31, Dec.
Java	Tijmanook	J. C. J. L.	30, Dec.
Kobe	Tijlwoong	J. C. J. L.	31, Dec.
Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama	Nikko M.	N. Y. K.	end Dec.
Shanghai, Moji and Kobe	Nyansa	P. & O.	1, Jan.
Shanghai to Yokohama	Tenkai	B. & S.	3, Jan.
Shanghai	Tijtaroom	J. C. J. L.	3, Jan.
Shanghai and Japan	Antiochus	B. & S.	16, Jan.

CONSIGNEES

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

S.S. "SIBERIA MARU" from
SAN FRANCISCO, VIA
HONOLULU, JAPAN PORTS
and MANILA.The above named Steamer having
arrived, Consignees of cargo
are hereby notified to send in
their Bills of Lading for counter-
signature, and to take immediate
delivery of Cargo from SKOT'S
GODOWN at West Point.Cargo remaining undelivered
on 10th December, at noon, will
be charged landing charges.
Storage charges will be assessed
on all cargo undelivered on 13th
December, at 5 p.m.No Fire Insurance whatever
will be effected.No Claim will be recognised
after the Goods have left the
Steamer or Godown.All chafed and damaged cargo
will be landed into the Com-
pany's Godown, where they will
be examined on 30th December,
at 10 a.m.No Claims will be recognised if
filed after the 14th December,
1916.

T. DAIGO,

Agent.

Hongkong, 7th December, 1916.

CONSIGNEES

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S.S. "CARMARTHENSHIRE"
From UNITED KINGDOM &
INTERMEDIATE PORTS.Owing to an outbreak of fire on
board this vessel at Port
Swettenham, a General Average
Contribution of 10% will be
collected.The General Average Bond
will require to be signed and
deposited made before counter-
signature of Bills of Lading can
be given.This s.s. "CARMARTHEN-
SHIRE" is due here about 16th
December.For further particulars apply
to—JARDINE, MATHESON
& Co., Ltd.Agents for The Royal Mail
Steam Packet Co.Owners of the "Shire" Line of
Steamers.

NOTICE.

FREE TO ALL SUFFERERS

THE RAPID

HONGKONG

HONGKONG

MOVEMENTS OF
STEAMERS.

AMERICAN MAIL.

The Pacific Mail s.s. ECUADOR left
Honolulu Nov. 28, for Hongkong via
Yokohama and may be expected to arrive
here on December 23, and will leave for
San Francisco, December 30, at noon.The Pacific Mail s.s. Co's Steamer
ECUADOR left Yokohama on December
12, for Hongkong via Kobe, Shanghai
and Manila, and is expected to
arrive here on the 23rd inst.The Pacific Mail Co's s.s. COLOMBIA
will leave San Francisco for Hongkong
on March 10, via Honolulu and Japan
Ports.

ENGLISH MAIL.

The P. & O. s.s. NORE which left
Hongkong on the 3rd November last,
arrived at Marseilles on Saturday, the
9th inst.The P. & O. s.s. NANKIN left Shang-
hai for this Port on the 11th inst., at
12.30 p.m. with the Homeward English
Mail, and is due here on the 15th inst.
at about 1 a.m.

MERCHANT STEAMERS.

The s.s. JAPAN left Calcutta on the
3rd inst. and may be expected here on or
about the 11th inst.

VESSELS IN PORT.

Steamers:

Wahler, Br., s.s. 4399, Bremen, 4th Sept.—
Vungro Bay, 30th Aug. Gen.—B. L.
Kutang, Br., s.s. 4393, Bradley, 21st Nov.—
Singapore, 12th Nov. Gen.—J. M.
& Co.Yushan, Chi., s.s. 1079, Lugo, 25th Nov.—
Mukha, 20th Nov. Coal—Order.Euphrates, Br., s.s. 4393, Bradley, 21st Nov.—
Singapore, 12th Nov. Gen.—J. M.
& Co.General Woreland, Nor., s.s. 2389,
Hansen, 7th Dec.—Moj, 2nd Dec.,
Coal—Bradley & Co.Hansard, Amer., s.s. 1078, Lennox, 7th
Nov.—Singapore, 12th Nov. Gen.—J. M.
& Co.Siberia M., Jap., s.s. 4112, Hashimoto,
7th Dec.—San Francisco, 4th Nov.
Gen.—T. K. K.Taihai M., Jap., s.s. 3395, Horiuchi, 7th
Dec.—Dairen, 1st Dec.—Coal—
M. B. K.Yei M., Jap., s.s. 1753, Nishikawa, 7th
Dec.—Wakamatsu, 1st Dec.—Coal—
M. B. K.Chihua, Br., s.s. 1360, Sidford, 8th Dec.—
Manila, 5th Dec. Gen.—B. & S.Hanoi, Fr., s.s. 739, Moovan, 9th Dec.—
Haiphong, 8th Dec. Gen.—A. R.
Mey.Kashig, Br., s.s. 1114, Byers, 9th Dec.—
Swatow, 8th Dec.—B. & S.Yahiko M., Jap., s.s. 1800, Koda, 9th Dec.—
Moj, 1st Dec. Coal—M. B. K.Diva, Nor., s.s. 433, Jorgensen, 10th Dec.—
Hohow, 8th Dec. Gen.—Chitose.Maitama, Br., s.s. 709, Russell, 10th Dec.—
Bangkok, 3rd Dec. Gen.—Order.Haitan, Br., s.s. 1183, Hodgins, 10th Dec.—
Fochow, 9th Dec. Gen.—D. L.
& Co.Koyo M., Jap., s.s. 1741, Stachner, 10th
Dec.—Wakamatsu, 3rd Dec. Coal—
O. S. K.Kaifong, Br., s.s. 1987, Evans, 10th Dec.—
Haiphong, 5th Dec. Gen.—B. & S.Lobang, Br., s.s. 979, Ritchie, 10th Dec.—
Hohow, 7th Dec. Gen.—J. M.
& Co.Tjikembang, Dat., s.s. 8013, Jurrum, 10th
Dec.—Manila, 7th Dec. Gen.—
J. C. J. L.Anna, Nor., s.s. 1015, Arntsen, 11th Dec.—
Bangkok, 10th Dec. Gen.—J. M.
& Co.Benavon, Br., s.s. 2349, Hartle, 11th Dec.—
Singapore, 1st Dec. Gen.—G. L. & Co.Bentham, Br., s.s. 927, 11th Dec.—Singapore,
5th Dec. Rice—E. H. Ray & Co.Cyclops, Br., s.s. 5762, Jones, 11th Dec.—
Shanghai, 9th Dec. Gen.—B. & S.Maupouri, Br., s.s. 1945, 11th Dec.—
Singapore, 6th Dec. Rice—Chitose.Shinku M., Jap., s.s. 1924, Hakura, 11th
Dec.—Moj, 5th Dec. Coal—Suaki
& Co.Taiwan M., Jap., s.s. 1145, Hanayashi,
11th Dec.—Bangkok, 6th Dec. Rice—
Chitose.Kanchow, Br., s.s. 1225, Lewis, 12th Dec.—
Swatow, 11th Dec. Gen.—B. & S.Loongang, Br., s.s. 1092, Leach, 11th
Dec.—Manila, 9th Dec. Gen.—J. M.
& Co.Tango M., Jap., s.s. 4360, Soyeda, 12th
Dec.—Nagasaki, 8th Dec. Gen.—
N. Y. K.Takung, Br., s.s. 977, Matthews, 11th
Dec.—Haiphong, 11th Dec. Gen.—
J. M. & Co.

VESSELS DUE.

Agents.	Vessel's Name.	Ton- nage.	Date Due.	From.
P. & O.	Nankin	7,441	Dec. 14	Kobe.
B. & S.	Tydeus		Dec. 17	Liverpool.
D. S. Co.	Japan		Dec. 21	Calcutta.
J. C. J. L.	Tijlajap		Dec. 21	Kobe.
B. & S.	Protesilaus	9,54	Dec. 23	Manila.
P. M. S. S.	Euador		Dec. 23	San Francisco.
P. & O.	Somali		Dec. 24	London.
B. & S.	Phonius	6,699	Dec. 27	Liverpool.
J. C. J. L.	Tijlwoong		Dec. 27	Java.
P. & O.	Novara		Dec. 28	Kobe.
J. C. J. L.	Tijmanook		Dec. 28	Shanghai.
J. C. J. L.	Tijtaroom		Dec. 28	Java.
P. & O.	Nyansa		Dec. 31	Bombay.
B. & S.	Tenkai	4,922	Jan. 2	Liverpool.
B. & S.	Ixion	10,220	Jan. 5	Seattle.
G. L. & Co.	St Albans		Jan. 6	Australia.
P. & O.	Somali		Jan. 11	Kobe.
P. & O.	Malta		Jan. 14	Bombay.
B. & S.	Antilo hus	9,038	Jan. 15	Liverpool.
B. & S.	Ixion	10,220	Jan. 19	Manila.
B. & S.	Colamon	4,518	Jan. 20	Liverpool.
B. & S.	Euryades	5,713	Jan. 23	Liverpool.
P. & O.	Nyansa		Jan. 25	Kobe.
P. & O.	Nankin		Jan. 28	London.
B. & S.	Hysan	6,607	Feb. 1	Liverpool.

NOTICE.

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ware,
Cycles, Motor Cars and Ac-
cessories,
Drapery, Millinery and Piece
Goods,
Fancy Goods and Perfumery,
Hardware, Machinery and
Metals,
Jewellery, Plate and Watches,
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TIMATES GIVEN ON REQUEST.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

THE MITSUI BUSSAN KAI-
SHA's steamer, s.s. "TO-
KAI MARU," will be despatched
by the Togo Kisen Kaisha, for
Japan, Honolulu, San Francisco,
Mexico and Central and South
American Ports, on FRIDAY,
the 15th January, at Noon.For information regarding
freight etc. kindly apply to the
undersigned.

SHARE MARKET
QUOTATIONS.

Up to the Minute.

Douglases	a. \$	121.00
Indos (Def.)	b. \$	141.00
Steamboats	a. \$	21.50
China Sugars	ss. \$	123.50
Langkats	b. \$	21.00
d. K. Wharves	b. \$	85.00
K'loon Docks	ss. \$	131.50
S'hai Docks	ss. \$	90.00
Ewoa	b. \$	157.00
Kung Yik	ss. \$	15.00
S'hai Cottons	ss. \$	120.00
Cementa	a. \$	11.80

VICTORIA THEATRE.

"A Matrimonial Martyr."

"A Matrimonial Martyr" the new film due to be shown at the Victoria Theatre next Friday was produced for Messrs. Pathe by the Balboa Company at its open air studios in California; and so perfect was the photography, and so exquisite the outdoor scenes of California at its best, that the film was sent to Paris and there treated to the intricate and expensive process of Pathécolor.

Another feature of this "Gold Rooster Play" is the double exposure work in it. Ruth Roland plays two roles; and the exigencies of the story demand that she shall face and speak with herself many times throughout the pictures. This was accomplished so perfectly in the timing of gestures, speech, etc., that it was not for the certainty of Miss Roland's unmistakable face, figure and personality on either side of the screen, it would be difficult to believe that the whole thing is a mechanical trick.

The story tells of Erma Desmond (Ruth Roland), who lives with her uncle and aunt on their large estate on Long Island. She is in love with Chester Glynn, but her uncle frowns upon her choice and the two decide to elope. Meanwhile, Mrs. Hugo Stanley (also played by Miss Roland) wife of a scientist, (Andrew Arncliffe) and a lady of very uncertain temper, is holding the fort against her husband and daughter. She is in one of her moods, and the family fights shy of her.

Erma plans to elope, but balks at the last moment and decides not to go. Her uncle, however, learns of her plans, and in his anger insists that she carry them out. She goes to the city and takes up her abode with a friend. Later, she leaves to accept a position as companion to Mrs. Stanley. The latter notes the marked likeness between the girl and herself and hires her. Mrs. Stanley then, her husband and daughter having gone off, leaves for a pleasure trip, installing Erma as head of the house and leaving her a cheque of large proportions to cover the expenses. There is a house party in progress at Stanley's at the time, but even the guests and servants fail to recognize Erma as the former employee, thinking that she has gone off. The only change they do note is the remarkably sweet disposition of their mistress.

Sometime later, Stanley and the sailor for his daughter's hand, to whom Mrs. Stanley objected, return. Then the daughter comes home from boarding school, all of which greatly complicates matters and creates some highly dramatic and laughable situations. Stanley falls in love with his "wife" (who isn't his wife at all) and Gilberta, the daughter, smooches her "dear mother" with kisses. It's a lovely fix.

Matters finally are straightened out, but not without many absorbing complications.

Extradition Case.

A Chinese was brought before Mr. J. R. Wood, at the Magistrate's Court, on an extradition warrant by the Canton authorities. Mr. Paul M. Hodgson appeared, and an official from Canton was also present. The man is wanted on a charge of piracy. He said that if he had to go back, he was quite willing to go any minute. The case was remanded until Monday to allow of arrangements being made.

INTERESTING LIBEL
ACTION.

A Cable from Kaiser's Brother.

A special jury libel action, brought by Sir Henry Lunn against the *Morning Post*, *Irish Times*, Mr. and Mrs. Julian Grande, and others, came before Mr. Justice Darling in the King's Bench Division last month. "Sir Henry, who is interested in several hotels in Switzerland and elsewhere, and has a tourist agency, complained of a telegram from Mr. or Mrs. Grande and published by the *Morning Post* and *Irish Times* as 'from their special correspondent in Berne.' It was worded as follows:—

"The pro-German peace party, whose attempt to organize a Peace Congress this month at Berne, proved such a fiasco, held another meeting yesterday to see whether it is possible to arrange a Congress at a later date. It was remarked in Berne that Sir Henry Lunn happened to be in the Swiss capital yesterday when this meeting was held. It is reported that Sir Henry Lunn was arrested last night when crossing the frontier."

The *Morning Post* and *Irish Times* pleaded that there was no libel, Mr. and Mrs. Grande admitting that the paragraph was false and defamatory.

His Mission. Mr. Gordon Hewart, K.O., for the plaintiff, said Sir Henry, who was now fifty-seven years of age, was educated at Trinity College, Dublin, where he took degrees in medicine, art, and divinity, and his hope was to become a missionary. As such he went to India, but on grounds of health, he had to return. For several years now he had been carrying on business in Switzerland, and still remained, said counsel, in a sense a missionary, his mission being to teach English tourists the value of foreign travel and winter sports.

Sir Henry, giving evidence, said that to be thought a peace crank would ruin him in his business. Counsel mentioned that the *Morning Post* and *Irish Times* published subsequent paragraphs correcting the statement that Sir Henry had been arrested.

Mr. Hylms Williams, K.O., for the defence, asked: "There is nothing in your public life to lead anyone to suppose that you had pro-German sympathies?"

"Not since the outbreak of hostilities," was the plaintiff's reply. Counsel proceeded to read from a book, entitled "The People, the Peers, and the Budget," issued by Sir Henry Lunn, and dedicated in 1909 to the electors of Boston, Lincolnshire. It contained speeches delivered by the plaintiff.

Prince Henry's Telegram. Inside the cover a London morning paper report was reproduced, relating to one of Sir Henry's election meetings, at which he received a cable from Prince Henry of Prussia denying that the German navy drank to "The Day" each evening. The Kaiser's brother thanked Sir Henry for wiring to him, and said it was quite true to say the story was a "heavily lie."

Sir Henry Lunn pointed out that he did not use the word "heavily" in his telegram.

Counsel: Prince Henry cabled from Kiel, and that is still his address, isn't it? (Laughter.)

Sir Henry said he had no knowledge of that. Passages from plaintiff's speeches in the book dealt with "our relations with Germany." Sir Henry at that time thinking that the true way to avert war was by wise diplomacy.

Do you still think that, and that preparations for war are the things that lead to war? asked counsel.

Sir Henry Lunn: I think there was a great deal to be said for it at that time.

Kaiser's Decoration Returned. Another passage stated: "The first dreadnought was laid down under Mr. Balfour's Administration, and that act has led to a great waste of armaments which has been deplorable to the interests of both nations." "It is now evident that my statements were wrong," replied plaintiff.

DANGER OF LOW
SALARIES.

Lord Cromer Points to A Moral.

"It is in the highest degree demoralising and uneconomical to place officials on low salaries in positions of financial trust and responsibility," says Lord Cromer who contributes to the *Times* some interesting comments on the Army clothing case recently tried at the Old Bailey.

He refers to the principle set out above, of which he declares the case is a striking confirmation, and which, he says, he has often endeavoured, but without much success, to impress upon the various authorities of this country. He points out that in this case it appears that a man whose salary was \$220 a year was able to acquire illicit gains to the extent of some \$1,500 in the course of eight months and blames the system more than the man, who yielded to temptation. He continues:—

"I know that the public in this country is generally opposed to high official salaries, but I greatly doubt whether this opposition is shared by those who have had practical administrative experience."

"I can only say that when I first went to Egypt every Department of the Government was honey-combed with peculation and corruption of all kinds. The excellent example furnished by Lord Cornwallis in India at the close of the eighteenth century in dealing with this subject was followed with much success."

"Although the Egyptian Treasury was at the time on the verge of bankruptcy, it was thought advisable, in the interest not only of public morality, but also of economy, gradually to raise many of the salaries, especially those of officials who had to handle State funds. It would be an exaggeration to say that by this measure the Administration was wholly purified, but at least one-half of the corrupt practices disappeared, and large sums were certainly saved to the Egyptian Treasury."

"A relatively high salary will, of course, turn a hardened rogue into an honest man, but it will act as a very useful help and encouragement to officials who are disposed to be honest, but whose poverty is such that they are easily tempted. I believe that the latter class are more numerous than the former."

"The only really sound administrative system is to keep down the number of officials as much as possible, but to pay them well. The worst system is to employ large numbers of underpaid officials who will but too frequently have been selected without due care."

"I was out to stop anything that would have led to a war." Another speech related to a visit he paid to Germany with various municipal representatives, and it was mentioned that Sir Henry was decorated by the Kaiser with the Red Eagle for services rendered.

"And I have returned it," said plaintiff. On the following day the foreman, in reply to the Judge, said they awarded a farthing against the *Morning Post* and Mr. and Mrs. Grande—those actions were consolidated—and a farthing against the *Irish Times*.

Judgment was entered accordingly, with costs, against the two newspapers, his lordship refusing to accede to an application by counsel for the *Morning Post* and *Irish Times* that a different order as to costs should be made.

It was then stated that Mr. and Mrs. Grande had paid \$10 into court, and in these circumstances his lordship entered judgment for them.

Mr. Gordon Hewart intimated that there would probably be an appeal. Two further actions by Sir Henry Lunn against the *Glasgow Citizen* and the *Dundee Evening Post* for reproducing the libel were settled, defendants apologizing and paying the costs.

LEAGUE OF PEACE.

Germany Ready to Join, Says Chancellor.

Germany is ready to join a union of peoples, "and even to place herself at the head of such a union which will restrain the disturber of peace."

So declared Herr von Bethmann-Hollweg, speaking in the Reichstag, in reply to Viscount Grey's recent speech (says the *Daily Chronicle* of November 11).

The German Chancellor said:— "When, after the termination of the war, the world will fully recognise its horrible devastation of blood and treasure, then through all mankind will go the cry for peaceful agreements and understandings which will prevent, so far as is humanly possible, the return of such an immense catastrophe. This cry will be so strong and so justified that it must lead to a result."

Germany will honourably co-operate in investigating every attempt to find a practical solution, and collaborate towards its possible realisation, and that all the more if the war, as we confidently expect, produces political conditions which will do justice to the free development of all nations, small as well as great. In that case, the principal right and of free development must be made to prevail not only on the Continent but at sea. Of that Lord Grey, of course, did not speak.

Peace Guarantees. The guarantee of peace which Lord Grey has in mind appears to me to possess a peculiar character, devised specially for British wishes. During the war the neutrals, according to his desire, will have to remain and patiently endure every compulsion of British world domination of the seas.

After the war, when England, as she thinks, will have beaten up, when she will have made a new arrangement of the world, the neutrals are to combine as guarantors of the new English arrangement of the world. To this arrangement of the world will also belong the following. From a reliable source we know that England and France already in 1915 guaranteed to Russia territorial rule over Constantinople, the Bosphorus, and the western Shores of the Dardanelles, with its hinterland, while Asia Minor was to be divided among the Entente Powers. The English Government avoided replying to the questions which were asked in Parliament on this subject, but certainly these plans of the Entente are also of interest for the International Peace Union which later is to guarantee them.

These are the annexation intentions of our enemies, to which also must be added Alsace Lorraine, while I, in the discussions of our war aims, never indicated the annexation of Belgium as our intention. Such a policy, of course cannot form the basis for an effective International Peace Union, and it is in the strongest contrast to Lord Grey's and Mr. Arquith's desired ideal State, where right governs right and all States form a family of civilised mankind and can freely develop themselves whether big or small, under the same conditions and in accordance with their natural capabilities.

No Aggressive Coalitions. If the Entente wishes seriously to take up this position then it should also consequently not upon it, otherwise the most exalted words about peace union and harmoniously living together in an international family are mere words.

The first condition for the development of international relations by means of an arbitration court, and the peaceful liquidation of conflicting antagonisms would be that henceforth no aggressive coalitions should be formed. Germany is ready, at all times to join the union of peoples, and even to place herself at the head of such a union which will restrain the disturber of peace.

The German people wages this war as a defensive war for the safety of its national existence and for its free development. We never pretended anything else; we never intended anything

YACHTING.

Royal Hongkong Yacht Club.

The results of the third of the series of Club Championship Races for the Handicap, One Design, and Heyward-Hays and Guel Olassee are as follows:—

Handicap Class. Course:—Lyman Beacon (P). East Rocks Buoy (P). Channel Rocks (P). Distance 8½ miles.

Yacht	Flag on Course	Finishing Time	Corrected Time
M. S. H. M. S. H. M. S.			
Dione	Scratch	4.27.23	4.27.23
Bolla	43	4.26.52	4.25.09
Jessica	43	4.40.08	4.39.25
Kathleen	5.40	4.29.19	4.23.39
Colleen	5.40	4.29.11	4.23.31
Musetta	25.30	D. N. S.	
Aileen	3.50	4.38.44	4.35.54
Position.	Pts.	Pts.	
(1) Colleen	8	18	
(2) Kathleen	6	12	
(3) Bolla	5	10	
(4) Dione	4	10	
(5) Aileen	3	8	
— Jessica	2	15	
— Musetta	1	2	

One Design Class. Course:—Channel Rocks (P). East Rocks Buoy (P). Channel Rocks (S). Distance 6.9 miles.

Yacht	Flag on Course	Finishing Time	Corrected Time
M. S. H. M. S. H. M. S.			
Ailsa	Scratch	4.30.24	
Bonita	4.26.16		
Daphne	4.24.06		
Halcyon	4.24.52		
Position.	Pts.	Pts.	
(1) Daphne	5	15	
(2) Halcyon	3	8	
(3) Bonita	2	4	
(4) Ailsa	1	6	

Heyward-Hays and Guel Class. Course:—Channel Rocks (P). East Rocks Buoy (P). Channel Rocks (S). Distance 8.9 miles.

Yacht	Flag on Course	Finishing Time	Corrected Time
M. S. H. M. S. H. M. S.			
Lysbeth	Owes 35	4.43.12	4.43.47
Tabantia	Owes 35	4.44.41	4.45.16
Owl Scratch	D. N. S.		
Dawn	4.42.58		4.42.58
Lady Ursula	D. N. S.		
Thetis	receives 35	4.42.24	4.41.49
Toinette	receives 35	D. N. S.	
Position.	Pts.	Pts.	
(1) Thetis	8	17	
(2) Dawn	6	17	
(3) Lysbeth	5	10	
(4) Tabantia	4	16	
— Owl	—	—	
— Lady Ursula	—	—	
— Toinette	—	—	6

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE. V. A. D. The total number of members now at work is 2,786, allocated as follows:—

At Home. In Military	
Hospital Wards	1,051
At Home. For General	
Service	134
At Home. In Auxiliary	
Hospitals	82
Aboard. In Military	
Hospitals	547
Aboard. Under Joint Com-	
mittees	72
	2,786

different. How otherwise could this display of gigantic forces, this inexhaustible heroism determined to fight to the last be explained? There is no precedent for it in all human history.

At the obstinacy of the enemy's will to war, at the calling up of military material and auxiliary forces from all parts of the world, our resistance hardened to still greater determination. However England may still supplement her strength (and there is a limit even to England's command of strength), it is predestined to fail before our will to live. This will be an unconquerable, imperturbable. We wait for our enemies to recognise this, confident that this recognition has to come.

This, of course, is only one aspect of the new regulations to be carried out by the War Department under General Gromer which the Chancellor was unwilling to have discussed in the Reichstag. It would appear that the amassing of the Reichstag on these topics is to be expected to

REICHSTAG MUZZLED.

Criticism Avoided by Dismissal.

Amsterdam, Nov. 5. — The Reichstag was dismissed yesterday, amid scenes of considerable indignation, by one of those sudden autocratic decisions which prove its powerlessness.

The only full account of the proceedings in the German Press is given by the Berlin correspondent of the *Dusseldorfer Anzeiger*, the other papers having apparently been muzzled. The correspondent says that until a late hour on Friday both Reichstag and Government had expected that the session would be continued until Thursday next. The Chancellor had promised to make a speech on Wednesday, but on the condition that there should be no debate on his speech. The party leaders were asked to promise abstention from all discussion. The Centre and the Freisinnige consented, but all other factions announced their intention to speak on the motion for adjournment and to discuss the Chancellor's speech. The correspondent says:—

For reasons which we are precluded from mentioning publicly, the Government regarded such a debate as in the highest degree undesirable. The matter was argued until late in the evening, but, as the party leaders declined to agree to the Government's proposal, the Chancellor decided not to speak at all. The correspondent adds that, in these circumstances, there was no longer any reason why the adjournment should be postponed. All parties were agreed that this muzzling order was most undesirable, but "discipline and consideration for the interests of the State prevailed," and only the Socialists voted against the motion for adjournment. Herr von Helfferich promised that the Reichstag should be summoned again before February if exceptional circumstances required, but the correspondent asks how this is reconcilable with the fact that the Reichstag is thus dismissed on the very eve of developments "which could hardly be of greater importance." He considers that the people have the right to ask what were the doubts expressed by members in reply to Herr von Helfferich's promise, "in view of events which are about to be precipitated."

The so-called settlement of the Polish question by the impudent Imperial manifesto establishing a Polish Kingdom which will simply be a Prussian vassal is obviously one of the important events which the Chancellor had intended to expound and which he did not want discussed. But far more important are what the *Cologne Gazette* describes as the "incisive" measures to be taken by the new War Department. Some hint of their nature is given by this paper in a long article protesting against the order, which, it says, is about to be issued, vetoing the publication of all advertisements offering or asking for "professional, trade, or industrial labour."

It is clear from the *Cologne Gazette's* article that this means all labour, male and female. The paper says that the chief reason advanced for this veto is that "during the coming winter we shall have to strain our labour resources at home to the utmost and any dissipation of labour force by changes of place of employment must be absolutely avoided." Though this is true the *Cologne Gazette* says that there are grave reasons against this veto, both economic and political. The paper clearly fears widespread uneasiness and possibly even disorders as a result of the militarisation of all labour and the restrictions on the right of change of domicile. It also points out, as does the *Local Anzeiger*, that the veto will practically prove the last blow to German journalism and will mean the ruin of many papers now struggling for existence.

This, of course, is only one aspect of the new regulations to be carried out by the War Department under General Gromer which the Chancellor was unwilling to have discussed in the Reichstag. It would appear that the amassing of the Reichstag on these topics is to be expected to

GOING TO JOSS-HOUSE.

Attacked and Relieved of Food Delicacies.

The hearing was continued at the Police Court this afternoon, before Mr. J. R. Wood, of the case in which three men are charged with robbery with violence was the Polo Ground at Causeway Bay one day last week, in which they robbed a man:

Mr. P. W. Goldring appeared for complainant, who said he lived at Kowloon but on the morning in question he had crossed over to "chin-chin," at the joss house near the tram terminus, to the "Goddess of Mercy." He was carrying two bamboo baskets containing pork, two chickens and some other cooked stuff, including some cooked lobster. The whole was valued at about \$7, counting the baskets. Five men set up on him. The three defendants he recognised as being amongst his assailants. He had been unable to find the other two. The case is proceeding.

HOTEL LISTS.

HONGKONG HOTEL.	
Anderson G. E.	Journeul Mr & Mrs O. A.
Adams R. L.	Joseph E. M.
Adams P. L.	Kar-ror Dr A. T.
Ankermit V.	Kine C. C.
Barker W. L. L.	Kinch O. C.
Baile H. Murray	Kyle F. H.
Baring J. P. D.	Langfield S.
Branch Capt B.	Lauritzen Mr & Mrs O.
Bellows Mrs E. R.	Lawrence G. A.
Bell O. D. J.	Lancaster Mrs D.
Bitting S. T.	Leitch Mr & Mrs J. J.
Birbeck R. J.	Leitch Mr & Mrs J. J.
Baxter Mr & Mrs E. A.	Leitch Mr & Mrs J. J.
Bellows Mrs E. R.	Leitch Mr & Mrs J. J.
Bell O. D. J.	Leitch Mr & Mrs J. J.
Bitting S. T.	Leitch Mr & Mrs J. J.
Birbeck R. J.	Leitch Mr & Mrs J. J.
Baxter Mr & Mrs E. A.	Leitch Mr & Mrs J. J.
Bellows Mrs E. R.	Leitch Mr & Mrs J. J.
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Birbeck R. J.	Leitch Mr & Mrs J. J.
Baxter Mr & Mrs E. A.	Leitch Mr & Mrs J. J.
Bellows Mrs E. R.	Leitch Mr & Mrs J. J.
Bell O. D. J.	Leitch Mr &

NOTICES.

Westminster "Specials."

TURKISH CIGARETTES.

\$1.40
for
50.\$1.40
for
50.

MANUFACTURED BY:-

WESTMINSTER TOBACCO CO.,
LONDON.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

GEO. P. LAMMERT.

AUCTIONEER, SHARE &
GENERAL BROKER.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction on **SATURDAY, the 16th December, 1916,** commencing at 11 a.m. at his Sales Rooms, Dudley Street,

25 Cases Younger's Light Ale (pints).
7 Cases Younger's Stout (pints).
70 Cases Z. H. B. Beer (pints & quarts).
13 Cases G. J. Old Smuggler Liqueur Whisky.
25 Cases Gaelic Special Reserve Whisky.
35 D. zen Pot.
17 Dozen Sherry.
33 Cases French Vermouth.
35 Cases Medoc Claret.
3 Cases Margaux (quarts).
3 Cases St. Julien (quarts).
3 Cases La Rose (quarts).
10 Cases Ch. Talbot (quarts).
10 Cases Ch. Montrose (quarts).
10 Cases Ch. Mouton Rothschild (quarts).
5 Cases Beaune Burgundy (quarts).
5 Cases Pommard Burgundy (quarts).
5 Cases Volnay Burgundy (quarts).
5 Cases Chablis Burgundy (quarts).
5 Cases Barac (quarts).
5 Cases Haut Sauterne (quarts).
10 Cases Ch. Yquem (quarts).
On view from Friday the 16th inst.

Terms:—Cash on delivery.
GEO. P. LAMMERT,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, 6th December, 1916.

NOTICES.

ROYAL HONGKONG GOLF CLUB.

BOGEY COMPETITION.

A Cup has kindly been presented for a Bogey Competition at Fanling on December 23rd, 24th and 25th. Entrance Fee \$2.00 each round. Players may take out as many cards as they like during the three days. Proceeds to be given to War Charities.

MIXED FOURSOME COMPETITION.

Two Cups have kindly been presented for a Mixed Foursome Competition on Boxing Day, 18 holes Medal Play under Handicaps. Entrance Fee \$5.00 per couple. Proceeds to be given to War Charities. Players select their own opponents. Entries close at Fanling, December 26th, 10 a.m.

SINGON & CO.

Established A. D. 1856.
IRON, STEEL, METAL AND HARDWARE MERCHANTS. Wholesale and Retail. General Importers of all kinds of Goods. Telephone Nos. 10, 11 and 12. (Opposite the Court House).

NOTICES.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Green Island Cement Company Limited will be held at the Office of Messrs. Sheehan, Tomes & Co., the General Managers of the Company, St. George's Building, Clatter Road, Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong, on Friday the Fifteenth day of December, 1916, at eleven o'clock noon for the purpose of considering, and if thought fit, passing an Extraordinary Resolution, that is to say:—

(1) That the capital of the Company be reduced from \$4,000,000 (Four million dollars) divided into 40,000 (Four hundred thousand) shares of \$100 (Ten dollars) each, to \$3,600,000 (Three million six hundred thousand dollars) divided into 36,000 (Four hundred thousand) shares of \$100 (Ten dollars) each, and that such reduction be effected by returning to the holders of the 400,000 (Four hundred thousand) shares that have been issued paid up capital to the extent of \$400,000 (Two hundred thousand dollars and fifty cents) per share and by reducing the nominal amount of each of the said shares from \$100 (Ten dollars) to \$75 (Seven dollars and fifty cents).

(2) That application be made to the Supreme Court of Hongkong to confirm the reduction of the capital of the Company in conformity with the foregoing Resolution.

Should the above Resolutions be passed by the requisite majority, they will be submitted for confirmation as Special Resolutions to a Second Extraordinary General Meeting which will be subsequently convened.

Dated this fifth day of December 1916.

By Order of the Board,
SHEWAN TOMES & CO.
General Managers.

KEROSENE OIL.

We guarantee all kerosene oil sold by us to be pure and unadulterated.

Present price—

"WHITE ROSE,"

"COMET,"

\$5.40 per case ex store.

"MIXED CHEONG,"

16th Dec. Vaux Road Central.

"WONG YUEN,"

19 Dec. Vaux Road, West.

34, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL.

TEL. 10, 11, 12.

SINGON & CO.

ESTABLISHED 1856.

IRON, STEEL, METAL AND HARDWARE MERCHANTS.

Wholesale and Retail. General Importers of all kinds of Goods.

Telephone Nos. 10, 11 and 12. (Opposite the Court House).

POST OFFICE.

Correspondence addressed to enemy subjects in China, Siam, Liberia and Portuguese East Africa, Persia and Morocco cannot be transmitted.

The Services to Germany, Austria, Bulgaria and the Ottoman Empire are suspended.

Ships in communication with Cape D'Agulhas Radio Telegraph Station:—

TAMBA MARU SUWA MARU
RIOJUN MARU VENEZUELA
TANGO MARU

MAILS DUE.

Shanghai (London 15th Nov. via Siberia) — Per TAMBA MARU, 14th Dec.
Shanghai — Per NANKIN, 15th Dec.
Europe (via Nagasaki) — Per SUWA MARU, 15th Dec.

REGISTERED AND PARCEL MAILS close 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated.

MAILS CLOSE TO-DAY.

Saigon — Per BOURBON, 15th Dec. 5 p.m.
Straits — Per CYCLOPS, 15th Dec. 5 p.m.
Bangkok — Per DIVA, 15th Dec. 5 p.m.

TO-MORROW.

Haitow, Pakhoi & Haiphong — Per KAI-FONG, 14th Dec. 5 a.m.
Shanghai & N. China, Japan via Kobe — Per COLOMBO MARU, 14th Dec. 11 a.m.
Japan via Nagasaki, Canada, United States, South America — Per NANKIN, 15th Dec. 11 a.m.
Shanghai & N. China, Europe via San Francisco & United Kingdom via Canada — Per TIKIEMARU, 14th Dec. 11 a.m.

FRIDAY, 15th December.

Straits — Per HAIMUN, 15th Dec. 11 a.m.

SATURDAY, 16th December.

Shanghai & N. China, Japan via Kobe — Per SUWA MARU, 15th Dec. 5 a.m.

Straits, Burma, Ceylon, Australia, New Zealand, Western Australia, India, Aden, Egypt & Europe. (The parcel mail will be closed on Friday, 15th Dec. at 5 p.m.) — Per NANKIN, 15th Dec. Registration 10.15 a.m. Letters 11 a.m.

Philippine Is. — Per LOONGSANG, 16th Dec. 3 p.m.

Shanghai & N. China — Per YING-CHOW, 16th Dec. 5 p.m.

TUESDAY, 19th December.

Swatow — Per HAIHONG, 19th Dec. 10 a.m.

Shanghai & N. China, Japan via Moji, Yokohama, Kobe & Seattle — Per TAMBA MARU, 15th Dec. 11 a.m.

Shanghai & N. China, Europe via Siberia — Per CHENNAI, 15th Dec. Registration 2.15 p.m. Letters 3 p.m.

Philippine Is. — Per TANG, 19th Dec. 3 p.m.

THURSDAY, 21st December.

Shanghai & N. China, Europe via Siberia — Per SINKIA HO, 21st Dec. Registration 2.15 p.m. Letters 3 p.m.

Philippine Is. — Per TANG, 21st Dec. 3 p.m.

FRIDAY, 22nd December.

Swatow, Amoy & Foochow — Per HAIHONG, 22nd Dec. 11 a.m.

MONDAY, 25th December.

Australia, Tasmania, New Zealand & New Guinea via Canton, Hongkong, Shanghai & Japan — Per SINKIA HO, 25th Dec. 9 a.m.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVED.

Anna M. Jan. aa. 13th, 11th Dec.
— Samarra, Sugar, O. R. K. & Co.
Chingchow, Br. aa. 13th, 11th Dec.
— For Farwell, 9th Dec. Lusa Stone—B. & Co.
Kumaketa M. Jap. aa. 10th, 11th Dec.
— Kaito ching, 30th Nov. Rile-Order.
Colombo M. Jap. aa. 13th, 11th Dec.
— N. Y. K.
Kary-edon, Br. aa. 13th, 11th Dec.
— B. & S.
Kaito M. Jap. aa. 13th, 11th Dec.
— O. R. K.
Tamsui, Br. aa. 13th, 11th Dec.
— B. & S.

DEPARTED.

Dec 12.
John M. for Tamsui via Swatow
Luchow for Shanghai
Chingchow for M. Jap. & Lila
Waiting for Swatow
Chingchow for Shanghai via Swatow
Tamsui for Shanghai via Swatow
Tamsui for Shanghai via Swatow
Sika M. for Singapore

CLEARANCES AT THE HARBOUR OFFICE.

Dec. 12.

Taihai M. for Dai on via Wailuoh
Tokushima M. for Yokohama & Yokohama
Haoi for Haiphong via L. C. Wan

Dec. 13.

Targ M. for Melbourne via Manila
Siberia M. for San Francisco via S'hai
Diva for Fuzhou
Kwangchow for Shanghai
Haitan for Fuzhou via Swatow
Shantou for Hongkong
Chingchow for F. Farwell
Tamsui for Shanghai via Swatow
Keyo M. for S'hai
Hansnet for Saigon

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

For aa. TANGO MARU, sailed from Hongkong, for Australia, on Dec. 13.
Aiki C. Naban Mr and Mrs
Ah Kim Eric Mr and Mrs
Bernie Miss Phileas Sister A
Brown Mr & Mrs Felix
Brown Miss Phileas
Boyd Miss Phileas
Boyd Miss Phileas
Chih'm Miss J. H. Bony Sister
Chih'm Miss J. H. Bony Sister
C. Leman L. C. Solaun G. E.
Dadell W. G. Solaun G. E.
Goode Miss B. F. Solaun G. E.
Goyle W. G. Solaun G. E.
Gardner Mr & Mrs Solaun G. E.
Greiner Solaun G. E.
Gomez A. Solaun G. E.
Kawaguchi T. Solaun G. E.
Ling Mrs Solaun G. E.
Low Long-cow Solaun G. E.
Malania Sister Solaun G. E.
Marie Sister Solaun G. E.
Nagahama Mr and Mrs Solaun G. E.
Mrs J. B. Solaun G. E.
Matsushima Solaun G. E.
Matsushima Miss Solaun G. E.
Royal Rev Father Solaun G. E.
Young Miss Solaun G. E.

THURSDAY, 28th December.

Straits, Ceylon, Delagoa Bay, Durban, J. Farwell, Cape Town & United Kingdom — Per KAMO MARU, 28th Dec. Registration 9.15 a.m. Letters 10 a.m.

THE ALEXANDRA CAFE.

Just arrived. Fresh assorted American Sweets & Fry's Chocolates.

ASAHI

(SUN-BRAND) BEER

SOLE AGENTS:
mitsui BUSSAN KAISHA
Telephone Nos. 154, 230.

Printed and Published for the Proprietor, by George Williams, at the "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" Press, in the City of Victoria.

WEATHER REPORT.

On the 13th at 11.30—Pressure has increased considerably over Japan, the anticyclones having moved eastward. It is now central over S.W. Japan.

Pressure has decreased slightly along the coast east of China and increased slightly over the Vissaya. It is nearly stationary elsewhere.

The depression to the east of the Vissaya has not developed.

The monsoon is interrupted to the north of Amoy. It will remain fresh to moderate over the S. China Sea.

Hongkong Rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.00 inch. Total since January 1st, 79.81 inches, against an average of 82.49 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON TO-MORROW

Delict. Forecast. E. winds, fresh to moderate; sea.

1. Hongkong to Gap Rock. The same as No. 1.

2. Formosa Channel. The same as No. 1.

3. South coast of China between H.K. and Lantau. The same as No. 1.

4. South coast of China between H.K. and Hainan. The same as No. 1.

China Coast Meteorological Buletin. December 13, a.m.

Shanghai	30.13	78.13	75	1	vw 1
Tokyo	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Kobe	30.27	78.27	75	1	vw 1
Manila	30.25	78.25	75	1	vw 1
Cebu	30.25	78.25	75	1	vw 1
Yokohama	30.25	78.25	75	1	vw 1
Singapore	30.19	78.19	75	1	vw 1
Calcutta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Rangoon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Colombo	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Aden	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Suez	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Port Said	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Alexandria	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Malta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Brindisi	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Genoa	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Lyon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Paris	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
London	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Bombay	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Calcutta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Rangoon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Colombo	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Aden	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Suez	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Port Said	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Alexandria	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Malta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Brindisi	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Genoa	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Lyon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Paris	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
London	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Bombay	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Calcutta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Rangoon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Colombo	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
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Suez	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Port Said	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Alexandria	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Malta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Brindisi	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Genoa	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Lyon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Paris	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
London	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Bombay	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Calcutta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Rangoon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Colombo	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Aden	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Suez	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Port Said	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Alexandria	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Malta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Brindisi	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Genoa	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
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London	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Bombay	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Calcutta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Rangoon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Colombo	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Aden	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Suez	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Port Said	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Alexandria	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Malta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Brindisi	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Genoa	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Lyon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Paris	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
London	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Bombay	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Calcutta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Rangoon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Colombo	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Aden	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Suez	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Port Said	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Alexandria	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Malta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Brindisi	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Genoa	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Lyon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Paris	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
London	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Bombay	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Calcutta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Rangoon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Colombo	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Aden	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Suez	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Port Said	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Alexandria	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Malta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Brindisi	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Genoa	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Lyon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Paris	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
London	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Bombay	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Calcutta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Rangoon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Colombo	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Aden	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Suez	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Port Said	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Alexandria	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Malta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Brindisi	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Genoa	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Lyon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Paris	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
London	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Bombay	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Calcutta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Rangoon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Colombo	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Aden	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Suez	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Port Said	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Alexandria	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Malta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Brindisi	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Genoa	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Lyon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Paris	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
London	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Bombay	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Calcutta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Rangoon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Colombo	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Aden	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Suez	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Port Said	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Alexandria	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Malta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Brindisi	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Genoa	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Lyon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Paris	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
London	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Bombay	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Calcutta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Rangoon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Colombo	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Aden	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Suez	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Port Said	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Alexandria	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Malta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Brindisi	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Genoa	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Lyon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Paris	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
London	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Bombay	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Calcutta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Rangoon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Colombo	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Aden	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Suez	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Port Said	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Alexandria	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Malta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Brindisi	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Genoa	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Lyon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Paris	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
London	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Bombay	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Calcutta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Rangoon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Colombo	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Aden	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Suez	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Port Said	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Alexandria	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Malta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Brindisi	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Genoa	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Lyon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Paris	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
London	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Bombay	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Calcutta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Rangoon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Colombo	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Aden	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Suez	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Port Said	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Alexandria	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Malta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Brindisi	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Genoa	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Lyon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Paris	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
London	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Bombay	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Calcutta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Rangoon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Colombo	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Aden	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Suez	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Port Said	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Alexandria	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Malta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Brindisi	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Genoa	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Lyon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
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Calcutta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Rangoon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Colombo	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Aden	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Suez	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Port Said	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
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Lyon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Paris	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
London	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
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Calcutta	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Rangoon	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Colombo	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Aden	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Suez	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Port Said	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Alexandria	30.23	78.23	75	1	vw 1
Malta	30.23				